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## STALIF L. Portfolio

No Profile® Lateral Lumbar Integrated Interbody™ System

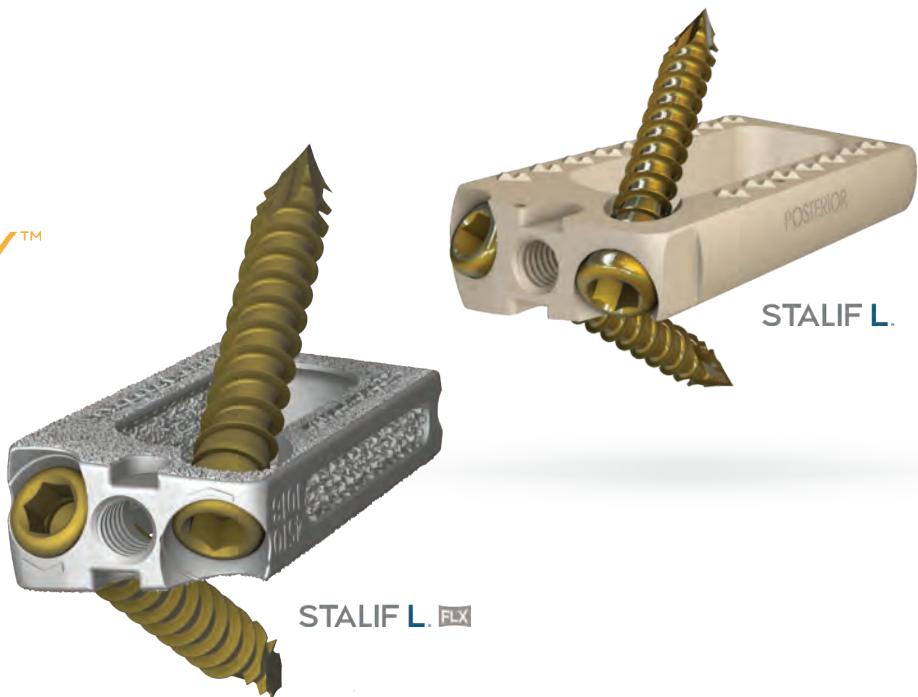
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### TECHNIQUE & PRODUCT GUIDE

featuring

**INTEGRATED**  
**INTERBODY™**

Technology





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## STALIF L Portfolio

The **STALIF L** Portfolio offers a comprehensive set of instruments and implants designed to support a direct lateral approach to the lumbar spine. The direct lateral approach (also known as XLIF, DLIF, or LLIF) is a minimally invasive, transpsoas approach that is muscle sparing and avoids direct retraction of the anterior vessels and posterior nervous structures.

### Access Options

Silony Spine provides three retractor options to provide direct minimally invasive access to the operative level while allowing for fluoroscopic visualization. Please contact Customer Service for more detailed information on options and availability.

- In'Tech Lateral Retractor System & Disposable Neuromonitoring Kit  
Pre-assembled body with 3 attachable blades, 4th blade option, blade stabilization broaches & disc shim, reusable light cables, disposable light mats, additional instruments (targeting tool, dual ended Penfield, bipolar, long suction tube, bayonet knife handle)
- Koros Lateral Retractor System & Disposable Dilation and Neuromonitoring Kit  
Pre-assembled 4-blade ring system, three-step clover dilation, blade stabilization pins & disc shim, reusable light cables, additional instruments (Penfield #4, nerve root retractors, bipolar, long suction tubes, bayonet knife handle)
- Thompson Lateral Retractor System & Disposable Neuromonitoring Kit  
Modular system allows 2, 3, or 4 blades, two-step clover dilation, blade stabilization pins, and reusable light cables

### Disc Prep Instruments

A variety of straight and angled discectomy instruments are provided to assist in removal of disc material, including endplate elevators, curettes, disc shavers, pituitary and kerrison rongeurs, a rasp, and a long knife handle.



## STALIF L Portfolio Implants

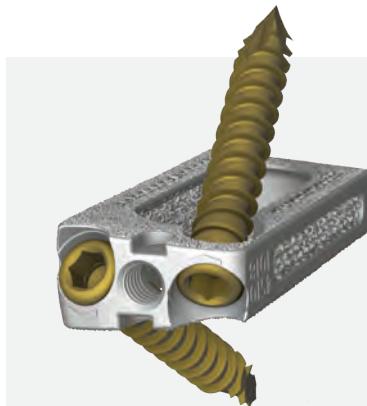
- No Profile® Integrated Interbody™ device with Compressive Lag Screw Fixation for stability
- Parallel and lordotic options to restore sagittal alignment and lumbar lordosis
- 3 medial-lateral footprints (45-55mm) and 4 cage heights (8-14mm) match patient anatomy
- Bulleted nose eases insertion
- Large central graft cavity increases opportunities for fusion through the implant
- Cancellous lag fixation screws with Anti Back-Out (ABO®) technology enhance implant stability
- All implants and screws provided sterile
- Available in 2 state of the art material options: PEEK (poly-ether-ether-ketone) and **FLX** (3D-printed porous titanium)



STALIF L.

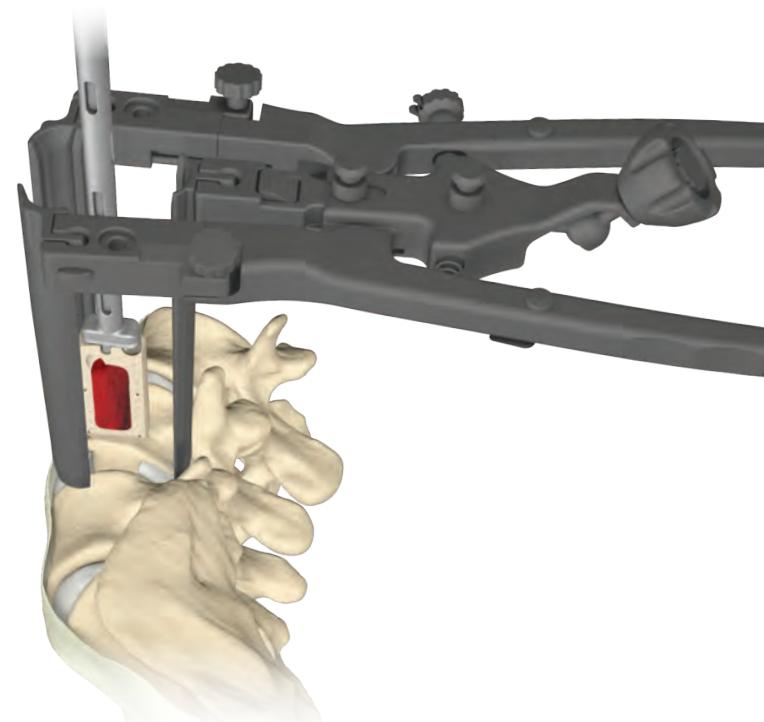


STALIF L. **FLX**



**STALIF L. **FLX****  
Implants

**STALIF L FLX** implants are the next evolution in **STALIF** devices. These 3D-printed porous titanium Integrated Interbody devices feature a combination of solid and porous, radiolucent FUSE-THRU® titanium sections which reduce mechanical stiffness and improve visibility compared to solid titanium implants. The proprietary FUSE-THRU trabecular scaffold is modeled to allow for bony in-growth, on-growth, and thru-growth.



## Indications for Use

Refer to the IFU for indications for use and contraindications.

## Warnings & Precautions

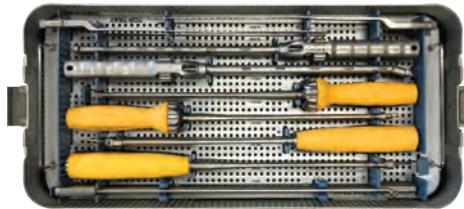
- Patients with previous spinal surgery at the levels to be treated may not experience the same clinical outcomes as those without a previous surgery.
- Selection of an appropriately sized device for the patient is important and increases the likelihood of a satisfactory outcome.
- The implantation of the intervertebral body fusion device should be performed only by experienced spinal surgeons with specific training in the use of this type of device.
- Do not use if the package is damaged or opened. Contents may not be sterile.
- Do not use if current date exceeds label expiry date.
- Do not re-sterilize sterile implants.
- Instrumentation provided with the implants must be used in accordance with the approved surgical technique.
- Do not use excessive force when introducing and positioning the implant within the inter-vertebral body space to avoid damaging the implant.
- Re-usable surgical instruments must be re-sterilized prior to next use.
- Do not reuse the device even if the device shows no external signs of damage. Internal stresses from previous use may cause early failure.
- When using the **STALIF L** Portfolio devices, the physician /surgeon should consider the height of the patient vertebral bodies in the selection of **STALIF L** screw lengths, particularly in contiguous level use.

## Case Preparation

### Required Sets

The following instrument sets are required for the **STALIF L** / **STALIF L FLX** surgical technique.

- STL-INST-xxx **STALIF** Lateral Instrument Set
- STL-TRL-xxx **STALIF** Lateral Modular Trials Set
- STL-DPS-xxx **STALIF** Lateral Disc Prep Set



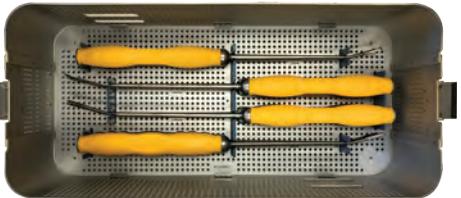
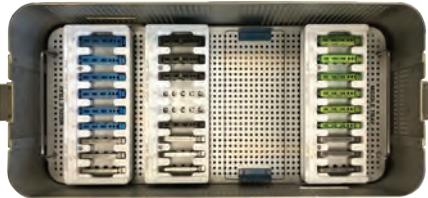
**STALIF Lateral Instrument Set**

STL-INST-xxx



**STALIF Lateral Modular Trials Set**

STL-TRL-xxx



**STALIF Lateral Disc Prep Set**

STL-DPS-xxx

## Case Preparation (continued)

### MIS Retractor Options & Neuromonitoring

The following optional retractor systems and neuromonitoring kits are available for the **STALIF L** surgical technique.

- IN914-01 and IN914-02 In'Tech Lateral Retractor System & S06ITM231 Disposable Nerve Monitoring Probe; optional S06ITM308 Disposable Light Mat Surgical Illuminator

- 7332-65 Koros Lateral Retractor System & 7332-99D Disposable Dilation and Neuromonitoring Kit; optional 7332-77S XL Dilator Tube
- TLRT1 & TLRT2 Thompson Lateral Retractor System & 302427-000-275 Disposable Monopolar Direct Nerve Stimulator Probe or 302775-200 Disposable Multi-stage Lead-wire; optional LLS-2000 light source



#### In'Tech Lateral Retractor System

IN914-01-XX & IN914-02-XX



#### Koros Lateral Retractor System

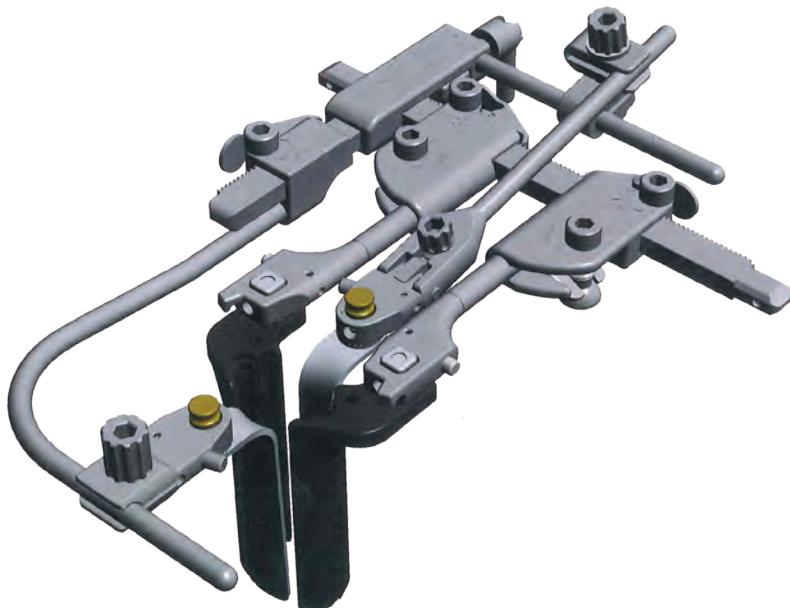
7332-65-XXX

### Additionally Available Instruments

Some instruments are available by special request (see appendix). Please contact Customer Service for availability.

### Quick Reference Guide

The **STALIF L** Quick Reference Guide (LBL593) and **STALIF L FLX** Quick Reference Guide (LBL541) contain an abundance of information about implant offerings, sizes, and measurements and it is recommended to bring one into every case.



### Thompson Lateral Retractor System

TLRT1-XXX & TLRT2-XXX

# Surgical Technique

## Patient Positioning

Correct patient positioning is critical for success. STALIF L Portfolio implants are designed for use with a lateral approach to the spine, and the patient should be positioned to enable a direct lateral approach to the disc space.

The patient is placed in a lateral decubitus position. When patient anatomy allows, it is recommended that the patient be positioned on their right side for a left side approach (right lateral decubitus approach), because of the relatively anterior position of the vasculature on the left side.

Fluoroscopy is used to find a direct lateral position. The C-arm is positioned at 0° (vertical) for lateral imaging or 90°

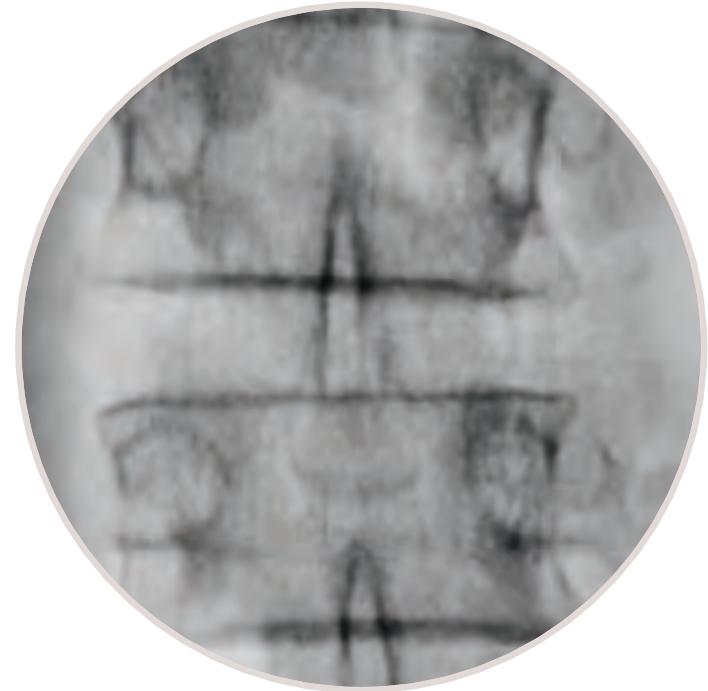
(horizontal) for A/P imaging, and adjustments are made to the patient and/or table as needed to obtain a direct lateral approach to the first operative level.

When positioned correctly, endplates at the operative level will be superimposed in both A/P and Lateral fluoro views (**Figures 1 & 2**). In the lateral view, the facet joints should be overlapped and the posterior cortex should be clearly outlined (**Figure 1**). In the A/P view, the spinous processes should be clearly outlined in the midline of the vertebral bodies above and below the operative level, and the pedicles should be symmetrical (**Figure 2**).

### 1. Proper Patient Positioning Verified with Lateral Fluoroscopy



### 2. Proper Patient Positioning Verified with A/P Fluoroscopy



Once the direct lateral position has been determined, the patient should be secured to the table with surgical tape. Often, the patient is taped across the chest, across the hip, from the hip across the knee to the table, and from the table across the knee across the ankle and back to the table (**Figure 3**). Tape should be placed directly on the patient's skin and should be taut; care should be taken to cover sensitive areas with a towel prior to taping.

It is important to make sure that the patient is adequately secured to the table as many table manipulations may be necessary in order to obtain perfect lateral approach positioning at each level. The table may need to be flexed and/or a bolster may be placed beneath patient to increase

the hip to rib distance. Caution should be used when flexing the table as over-flexing can result in stretch injury to the psoas.

Once the patient is secured to the table, lateral positioning is confirmed on a level-by-level basis, starting with the first operative level. Utilize x-ray along with a k-wire or targeting tool to mark the disc position and obtain a direct lateral approach. Again, the C-arm should be positioned at 0° (vertical) for lateral imaging or 90° (horizontal) for A/P imaging. The table may be flexed/rotated to obtain direct lateral access (**Figure 4**). Once the direct lateral position for the first operative level has been obtained, the patient should be draped for the surgery.

### 3. Proper Patient Positioning and Taping Demonstrated



### 4. Flexing the Table to Obtain Direct Lateral Access



#### tech TIP

When imaging for patient positioning, it is recommended to start with an AP image to determine midline, as once this positioning is correct the lateral imaging is often already in proper alignment.

## Surgical Technique (continued)

### Approach

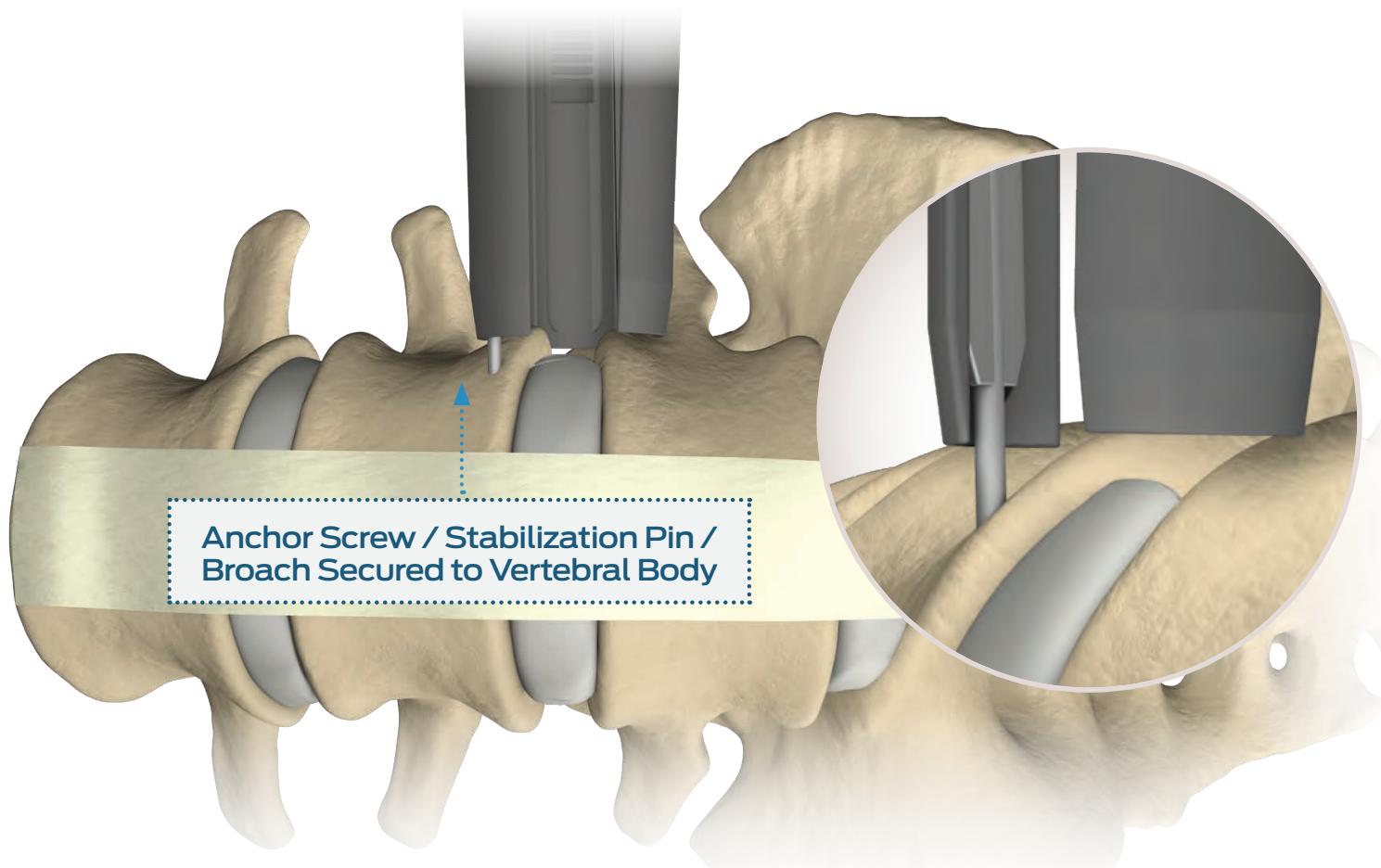
**STALIF L** Portfolio implants are designed for use with a lateral approach to the spine. The patient should be positioned to enable a direct lateral approach to the disc space. To ensure accuracy of approach, the disc is typically targeted slightly anterior of the mid-point.

### Retractor Insertion

The chosen retractor should be inserted according to the applicable retractor technique guide. Retractor blades should be distracted and toed as necessary to enable an appropriate discectomy to be performed and to enable insertion of a 22mm width cage.

Once the appropriate retraction is achieved, the retractor may be temporarily secured to the spine. Depending on the retractor system, an anchor screw / stabilization pin / broach or disc shim may be used. If securing the retractor to the vertebral body, it is recommended that the blade be secured to the vertebral body away from the endplate to limit interference with screw insertion tools (**Figure 5**).

## 5. In'Tech Retractor with Optional Broach for Added Retractor Stability



## Discectomy and Endplate Preparation

Use any of the disc prep instruments to remove disc material from the intervertebral space to enable trialing.

**STALIF L** PEEK implants are available in a 22mm width; **STALIF L FLX** implants are available in both 18mm and 22mm widths.

An appropriate amount of disc material should be removed to enable insertion of the selected cage. Disc material should be cleared to create a clear lateral pathway through the disc annulus on both sides. It is recommended to leave

both the anterior longitudinal ligament (ALL) and posterior longitudinal ligament (PLL) intact.

Once the discectomy is complete, use the rasp or curettes to expose bleeding bone. Care should be taken to only remove the superficial cartilaginous layers of the endplate. Note that excessive removal of subchondral bone may weaken the endplate, and removal of the entire endplate may later lead to segmental instability and implant subsidence.



**Shavers**

IN697 (8mm), IN698 (10mm), IN699 (12mm),  
IN700 (14mm)



**Box Cutters**

IN903 (6mm), IN904 (8mm), IN905 (10mm)



**Endplate Elevators**

IN838/1 (17mm), IN686/1 (20mm)



**Forward Angled Endplate Elevator, 13mm**

IN1044/1



**Reverse Angled Endplate Elevator, 13mm**

IN1045/1



**Rasp**

IN706/1



**Rasp, Bent, 15°**

IN1081



**Knife Handle, 12"**

IN848



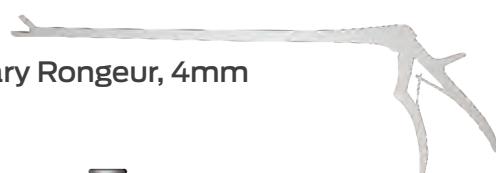
**Kerrison Rongeur, 4mm Coated**

IN710



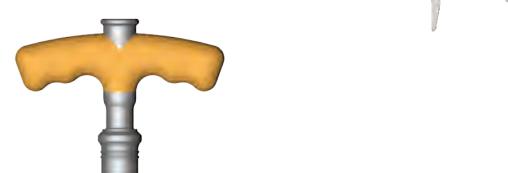
**Pituitary Rongeur, 4mm Coated**

IN712



**Curved Pituitary Rongeur, 4mm**

IN1043/1



**T-Handle**

IN435/1



**Angled Curettes**

IN685/1 (5mm x 7mm), IN694/1 (3mm x 5mm)



**Teardrop Curette**

IN683 (11mm x 4mm)



**Teardrop Curette, 15° Angle**

IN1077 (11mm x 4mm)

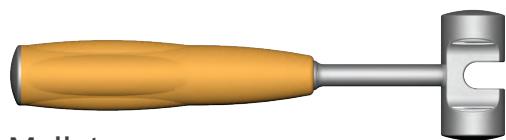
## Surgical Technique (continued)

### Trialing

Once the disc has been appropriately prepared, **STALIF L** Portfolio trial sizers are used with the Modular Trial Handle to determine the correct implant size with respect to medial-lateral length and height. There are trials specific to 18mm **FLX** implants, 22mm **FLX** implants, and 22mm PEEK implants, starting at 8mm in height. Starter trials (dilators) are available in 18mm and 22mm to sequentially dilate collapsed disc spaces open, starting at 5mm in height.

To assemble the Modular Starter Trials or Modular Trials to the Modular Trial Shaft, orient the flat side of the Trial/Trial Sizer with the flat face of the T-handle feature of the Trial Shaft (**Figure 6**).

When using the Modular Trial Shaft, Angled, along with a lordotic (10° or 12°) Modular Trial, care must be taken to also orient the anterior face of the trial for the approach. Hold the Angled Trial Shaft so that the tip of the shaft is angled toward the ceiling (**Figure 7**); for a left-side up approach, the anterior



**Mallet**  
IN228/1



**Slap Hammer**  
IN507/2



**Modular Trial Handle**  
IN1350



**Modular Trial Shaft, Straight**  
IN1414



**Modular Trial Shaft, Angled**  
IN1337/1



### Modular Starter Trials (Dilators)

IN1219/1 (0° x 5mm x 18mm wide),  
IN1220/1 (0° x 6mm x 18mm wide),  
IN1221/1 (0° x 7mm x 18mm wide),  
IN1222/1 (0° x 5mm x 22mm wide),  
IN1223/1 (0° x 6mm x 22mm wide),  
IN1224/1 (0° x 7mm x 22mm wide)



### Modular Trials

#### FLX:

IN1134/1 (0° x 8mm x 18mm wide),  
IN1136/1 (0° x 10mm x 18mm wide),  
IN1138/1 (0° x 12mm x 18mm wide),  
IN1145/1 (10° x 10mm x 18mm wide),  
IN1147/1 (12° x 12mm x 18mm wide),  
IN1149/1 (12° x 14mm x 18mm wide),  
IN1151/1 (0° x 8mm x 22mm wide),  
IN1144/1 (10° x 10mm x 22mm wide),  
IN1167/1 (12° x 12mm x 22mm wide),  
IN1169/1 (12° x 14mm x 22mm wide)

#### PEEK:

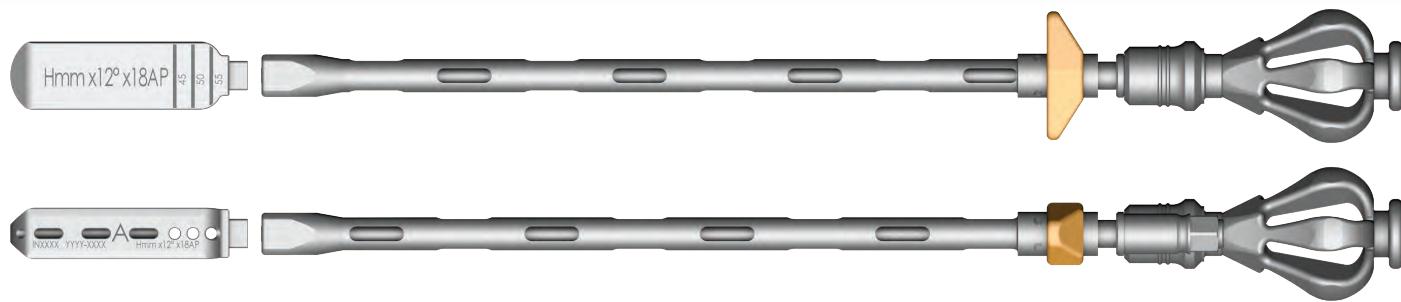
IN1550 (0° x 8mm x 22mm wide),  
IN1551 (0° x 10mm x 22mm wide),  
IN1552 (0° x 12mm x 22mm wide),  
IN1553 (10° x 10mm x 22mm wide),  
IN1554 (12° x 12mm x 22mm wide),  
IN1555 (12° x 14mm x 22mm wide)

face of the lordotic trial should face left, and for a right-side up approach the anterior face of the lordotic trial should face right (**Figure 7**).

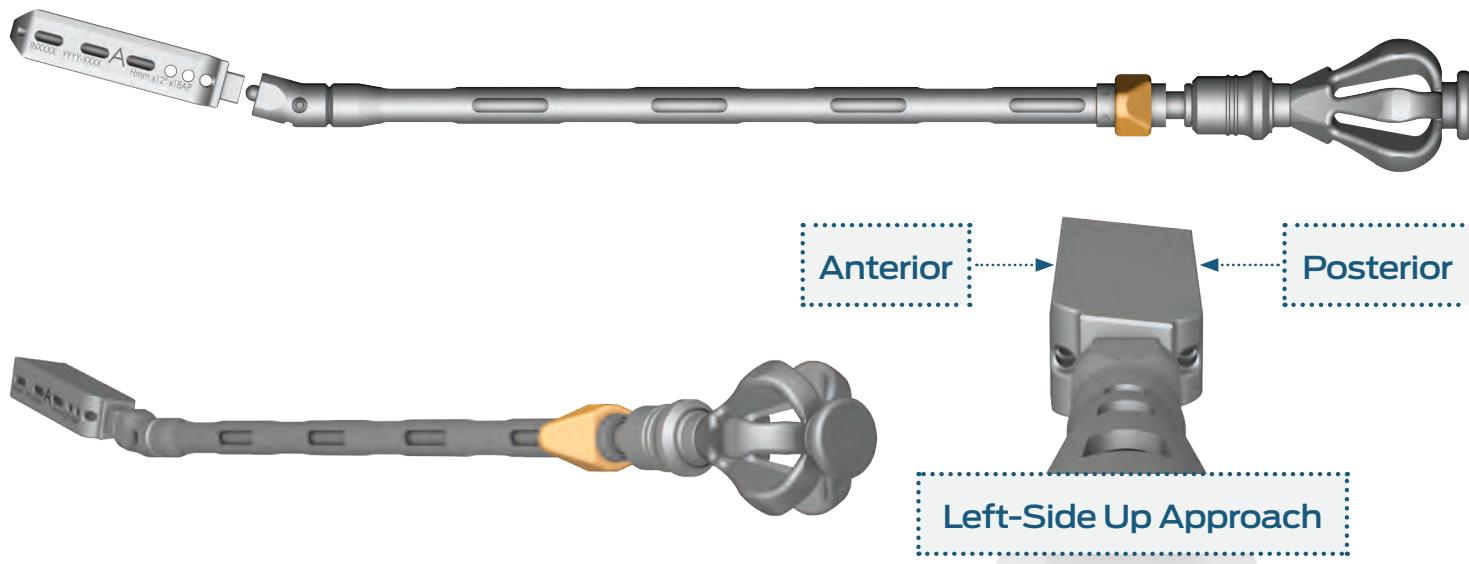
To select proper implant length, use an intraoperative A/P fluoroscopy image to visualize the trial sizer. The indicator holes on the trial sizer indicate implant length (45, 50, or 55mm), and the length corresponding to the hole that aligns with the edge of the vertebral body should be chosen (**Figure 8**).

When in proper alignment, the indicator holes should appear on x-ray as perfect circles. If desired, the Modular Trial Shaft may be removed for ease of lateral imaging to confirm lateral alignment by rotating the shaft counterclockwise to disengage the shaft from the trial head. In the lateral position, thru-holes on the anterior and posterior sides of the trials will appear as perfect circles when the trial is in proper alignment. Note that the Starter Trials contain indicator grooves instead of indicator holes in the A/P view, that will appear as semi-circles on x-ray, and do not contain thru-holes in the lateral view.

## 6. Modular Trial Assembly with Straight Shaft and Modular Trial Handle



## 7. Modular Trial Assembly with Angled Shaft and Modular Trial Handle



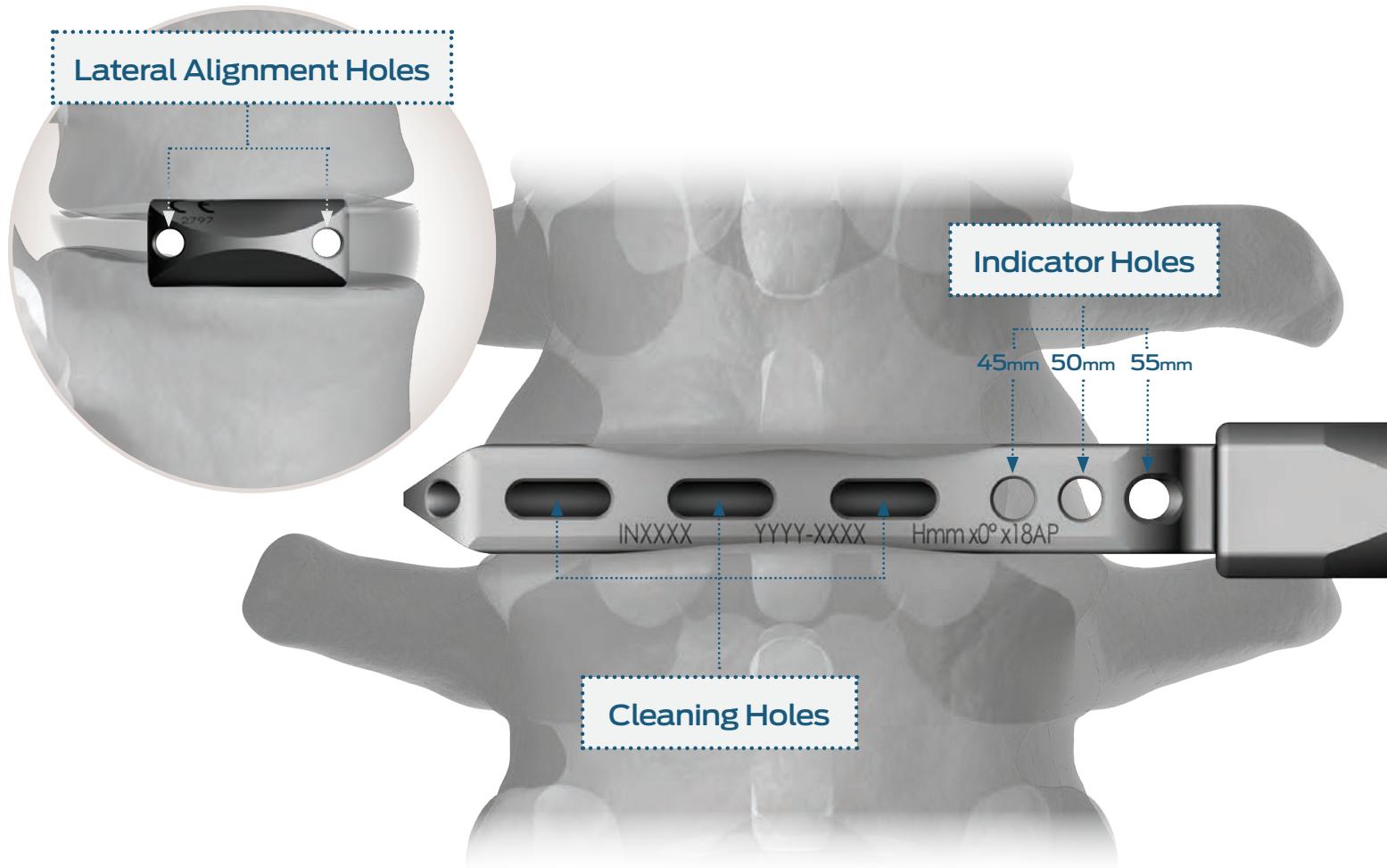
## Trialing (continued)

It is recommended that the largest device footprint possible be safely selected to optimize the load transfer. To ensure proper implant height selection, the trial must achieve a tight fit.

To remove the trial, place the short end of the slap hammer around the Modular Trial Handle slap hammer connection, or

alternatively remove the Modular Trial Handle and place the long end of the slap hammer around the end of the trial. Use the slap hammer to apply upward impaction until the trial is free from the disc space.

## 8. Using the Trial to Select Implant Length



### tech TIP

When using the Modular Trial Shaft, Angled for a left side approach, the anterior face of the trial should face left when the shaft tip is angled towards the ceiling. For a right side approach, the anterior face of the trial should face right.

Trial must be tight fit.

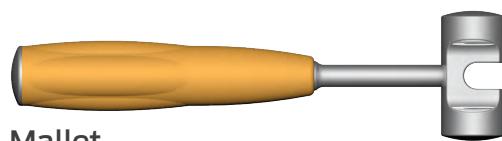
### Implant Insertion

Secure the implant to the **STALIF** Lateral Inserter or **STALIF** Lateral Angled Inserter by rotating the inserter knob clockwise until a hard stop is reached and the face of the implant is flush with the inserter (Figure 9).

If using the **STALIF** Lateral Angled Inserter, ensure that the anterior face of the implant is facing the side of approach when the tip of the inserter is pointed towards the ceiling (Figure 10).



**STALIF Lateral Inserter**  
IN968/1

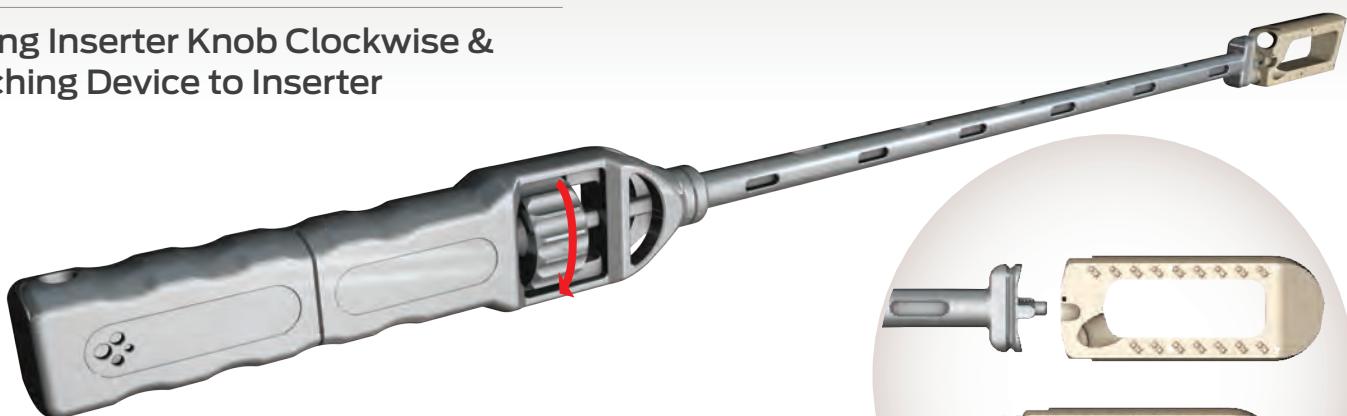


**Mallet**  
IN228/1

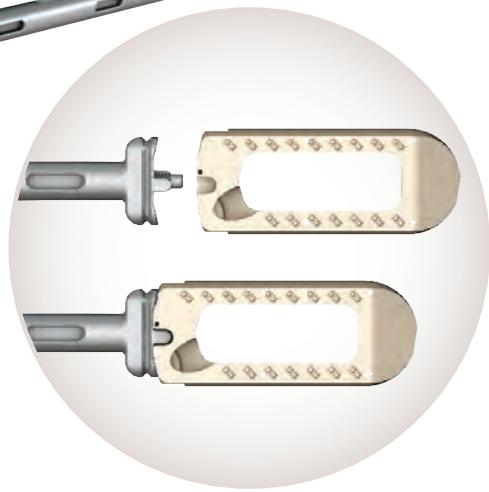
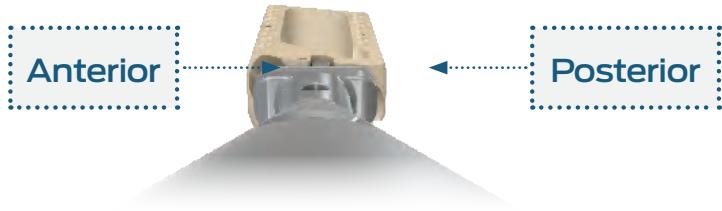


**STALIF Lateral Angled Inserter**  
IN1037

### 9. Turning Inserter Knob Clockwise & Attaching Device to Inserter



### 10. Angled Inserter, Left-Side Up Approach



#### tech TIP

When using the Angled Inserter for a left side approach, the anterior face of the implant should face left when the angled tip of the introducer is pointed towards the ceiling. For a right side approach, the anterior face of the implant should face right.

## Surgical Technique (continued)

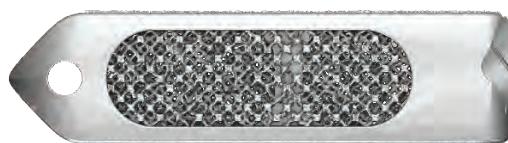
### Implant Insertion (continued)

Insert and pack the appropriate graft material into the **STALIF L / STALIF L FLX** implant cavity. It is recommended that the implant cavity be packed 2mm proud both superiorly and inferiorly to assure optimal graft / endplate contact.

Insert the **STALIF L / STALIF L FLX** device into the disc space using the **STALIF** Lateral Inserter or **STALIF** Lateral Angled Inserter (**Figure 11**). The anterior side of the implant should be facing anteriorly to enable lordosis restoration. Care should be taken to ensure that a direct lateral approach is utilized when inserting the implant.

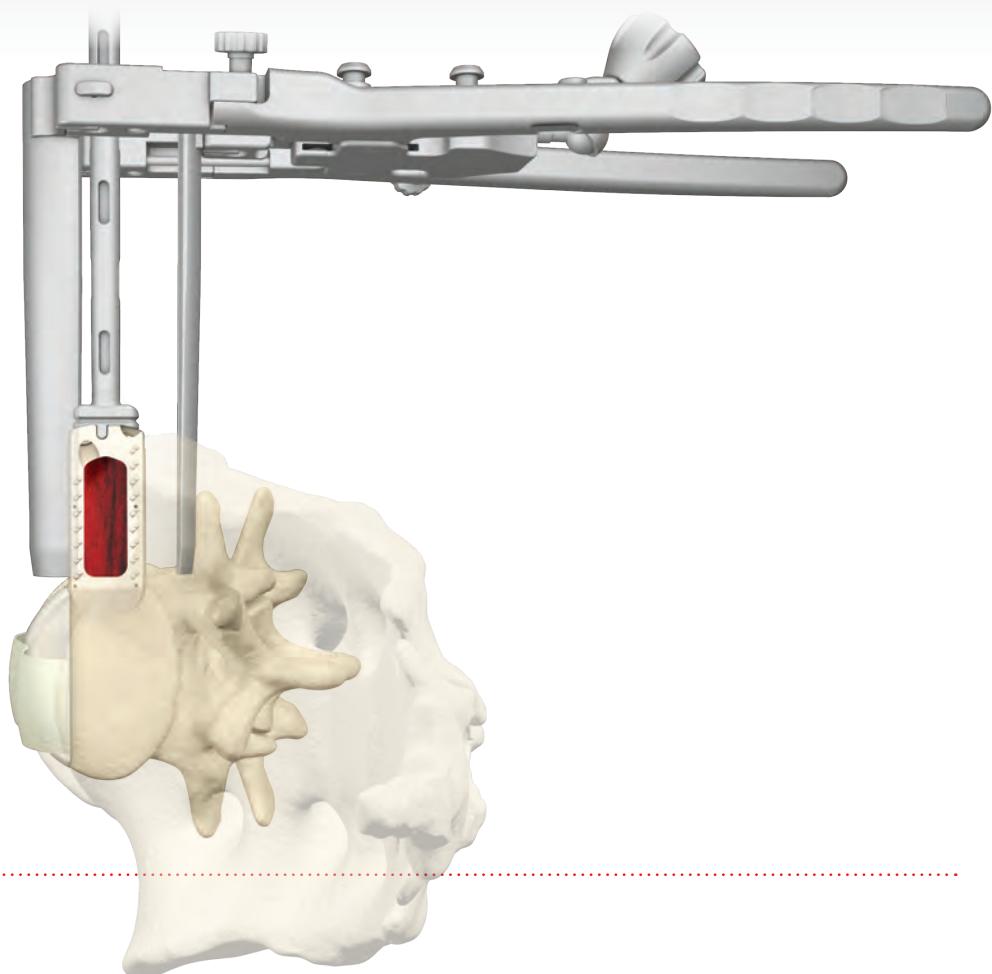


STALIF L Device (Anterior View)



STALIF L FLX Device (Anterior View)

### 11. Inserting the Device into the Disc Space



**please  
NOTE**

In'Tech Retractor  
System Pictured

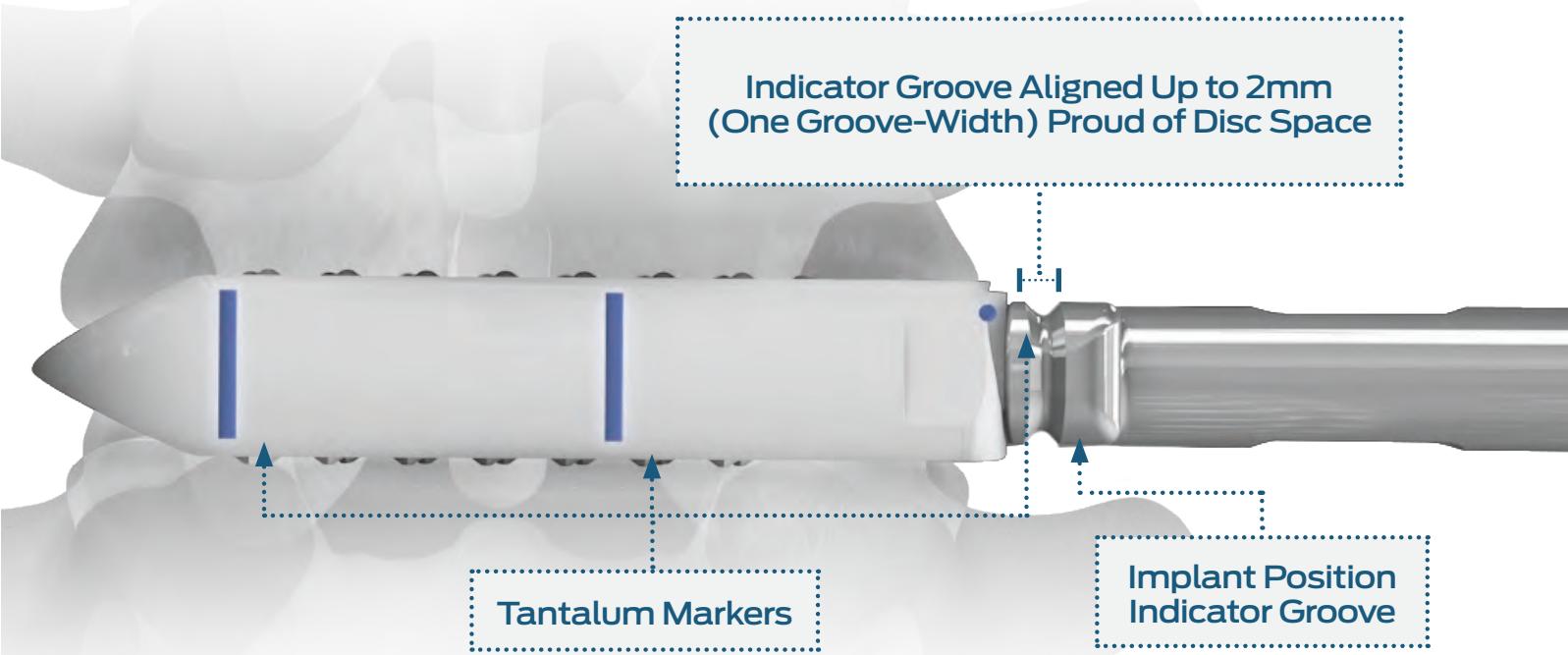
Ensure the Inserter positions the device so that the indicator groove on the Inserter is aligned 0mm to 2mm (one groove width) proud of the disc space. Use imaging and the indicator groove on the Inserter to position the implant (Figure 12).

The Indicator Groove should be as close to the disc space as possible without entering the disc space, placing it flush with, or at most 2mm (one groove-width) proud of, the edge of

the vertebral body.

For **STALIF L**, tantalum markers are used to radiographically assess device position (Figure 12). For **STALIF L FLX**, the cage profile can be seen radiographically. Use radiographic images to ensure that the **STALIF L / STALIF L FLX** implant load-bearing surface is within the confines of the vertebral bodies.

## 12. Initial Device Positioning, Indicator Groove Demonstration & STALIF L Tantalum Markers



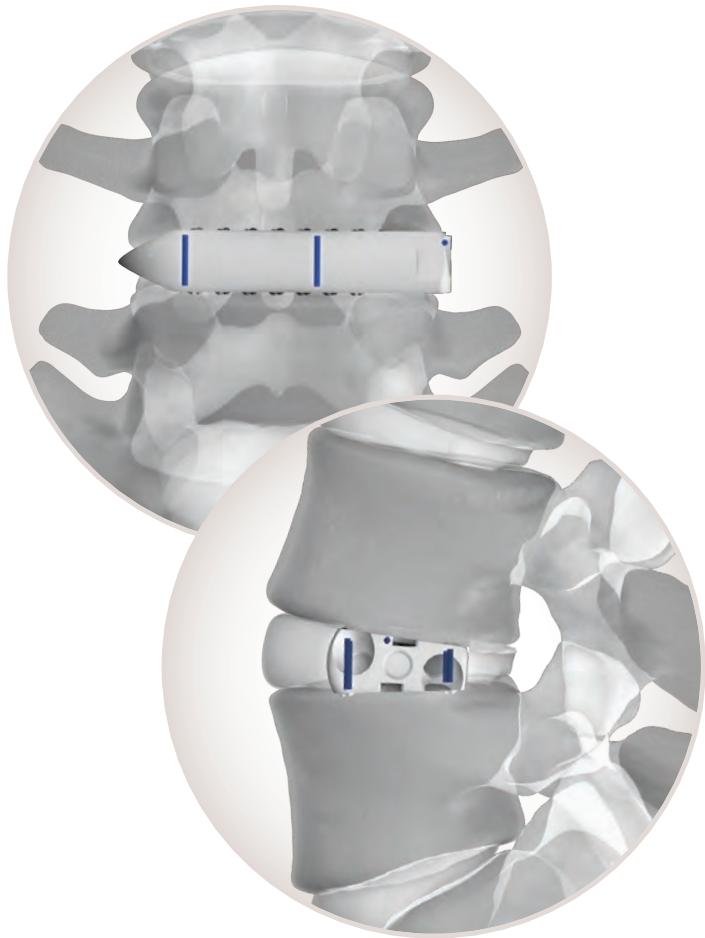
## Surgical Technique (continued)

### Implant Insertion (continued)

To prevent implant mal-rotation, use A/P and lateral fluoroscopy to verify proper implant alignment. For **STALIF L**, the two marker rods should closely align or superimpose in both A/P and lateral images (**Figure 13**). For **STALIF L FLX**, the through hole on the nose of the implant should be spherical in an A/P view, and in the lateral view the implant edges should be crisp (**Figure 14**).

Once the implant is positioned and placement has been confirmed with intraoperative fluoroscopy, release the implant by rotating the inserter knob counter-clockwise until the implant is released then remove the inserter from the surgical site.

### 13. Using Fluoroscopy to Verify STALIF L Device Positioning



#### tech TIP

After disengaging the introducer, and prior to screw placement, verify correct implant position with both A/P and lateral imaging.

### 14. Using Fluoroscopy to Verify STALIF L FLX Device Positioning



For **STALIF L**, verify all markers are contained within the disc space. For **STALIF L FLX**, verify that the flat superior and inferior edges of the implant are contained within the disc space.

### Screw Placement

The **STALIF L / STALIF L FLX** system utilizes Silony Spine's ABO® cancellous screws (**Figure 15**) for optimum compressive lag fixation. **STALIF L** implants utilize either 4.5mm or 5.5mm diameter screws depending on cage height. All **STALIF L FLX** implants use 5.5mm diameter screws, regardless of cage height. The 4.5mm diameter screws should not be used with any **STALIF L FLX** cage.

The 4.5mm and 5.5mm diameter self-tapping, self-drilling ABO® screws are provided in lengths of 30 and 35mm. Refer to the chart below or IFUs LBL024 & LBL025 for restrictions on combination use. ABO® screws feature a titanium split ring (**Figure 16**) which first compresses and then deploys during insertion.



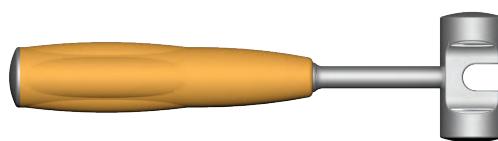
**Ball-Joint Screw Driver (Recommended)**

IN231/1



**U-Joint Screw Driver**

IN218/1



**Mallet**

IN228/1

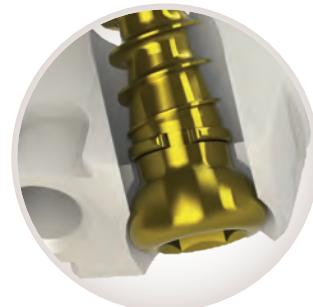
### Restrictions on Screw Diameter According to Cage Height

Screw Diameter	Restrictions on Use According to Cage Height
Ø4.5mm	To be used with 8mm and 10mm height <b>STALIF L</b> PEEK cages only
Ø5.5mm	To be used with all <b>STALIF L FLX</b> cages, and with 12 and 14mm height <b>STALIF L</b> PEEK cages only

### 15. Anti-Backout (ABO®) Screw



### 16. ABO® Titanium Split Ring in Close-Up



### please NOTE

**The ABO® split rings deploy without audible or tactile feedback. The ring is fully deployed when the screw head is fully seated into the device.**

## Surgical Technique (continued)

### Screw Placement (continued)

On occasion, to facilitate proper angulation to the screw holes, it may be necessary to remove a small portion of the lip of the vertebral body adjacent to the screw holes.

If bony endplates are sclerotic, it may be desirable to create optional screw pilot holes utilizing the Ball Joint Awl (recommended) or U-Joint Awl and appropriate Awl Guide. If using the Awl and Awl Guide, care must be taken to ensure that the proper Awl Guide is selected (based on implant height per the screw diameter restrictions chart), and that the Awl Guide is fully seated to ensure optimal pilot hole trajectory.



**Ball-Joint Awl (Optional)**

IN386



**U-Joint Awl (Optional)**

IN216/1

Insert the **STALIF L** screws with the Screw Driver (**Figure 17**). For a left side up (right lateral decubitus) approach, the posterior screw trajectory will be cephalad; for a right side up (left lateral decubitus) approach the posterior screw trajectory will be caudal (**Figure 18**).

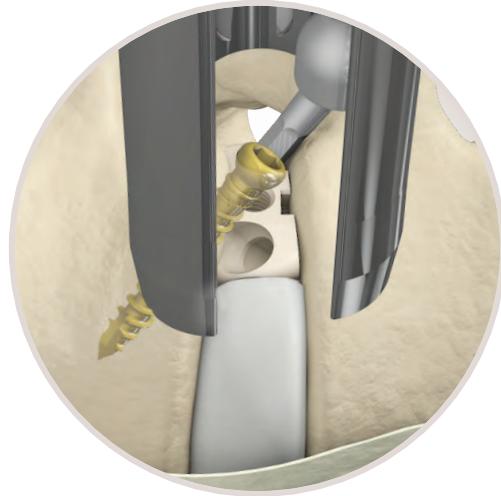
It may be necessary to temporarily distract or tow a distractor blade to enable proper screw angulation. If vertebral body fixation was utilized with any of the retractor blades it may be necessary to disengage the fixation to enable manipulation of the retractor blades. Additionally, it is recommended to remove any flexion from the table prior to placing screws.



**Angled Awl Guide (Optional)**

IN527 (4.5mm, for use with 8mm & 10mm PEEK cages only), IN526 (5.5mm, for use with 12mm & 14mm PEEK and all **FLX** cages only)

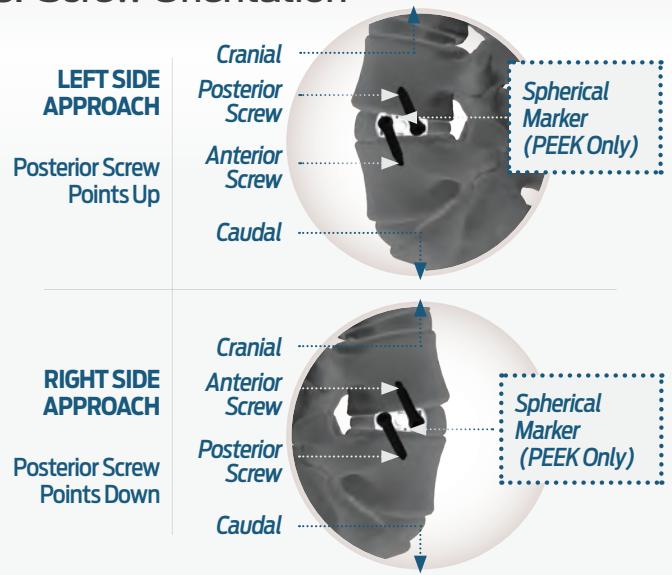
### 17. Inserting Screw with Ball-Joint Screw Driver



**please  
NOTE**

**It is important if using the Awl Guides, they are seated correctly so that the pilot hole is concentric and the screw trajectory optimized.**

### 18. Screw Orientation



**tech  
TIP**

For STALIF L PEEK, posterior screw always points toward the vertebral body adjacent to the spherical marker.

35mm screws are recommended (if anatomy allows / safe to do so).

Once secured, the screws will provide immediate segmental stability and optimal graft / sub-chondral bone contact. STALIF® pioneering lag screw technology requires tactile feel to determine when the screws are optimally seated. The degree of screw purchase feedback will vary due to varying patient bone quality.

The heads of each screw must be fully seated.

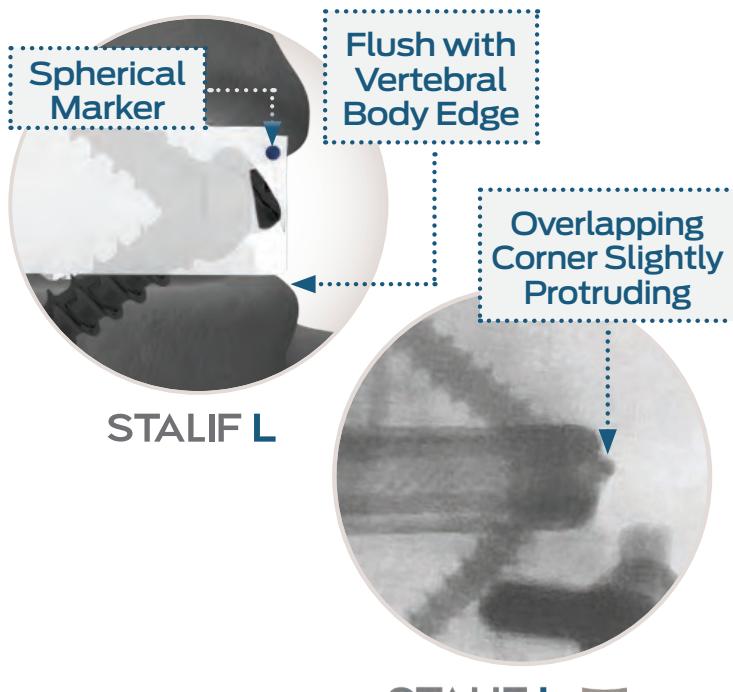
For STALIF L, in final position, the lateral spherical marker should align with the edge of the vertebral body or be up to 2mm recessed (Figure 19). Additionally, the screws heads should be directly overlapped, and should be vertically aligned with the lateral spherical marker (Figure 20). All rod and spherical markers should be contained within the confines of the vertebral bodies in both A/P and lateral views.

For STALIF L FLX, in final position, the edge of the face of the implant should align with the edge of the vertebral body or be up to 2mm recessed (Figure 19). Additionally, the screws heads should be directly overlapped, with central overlapping corner slightly protruding from the face of the implant (Figure 20). All flat endplate-contacting surfaces should be contained within the confines of the vertebral bodies in both A/P and lateral views.

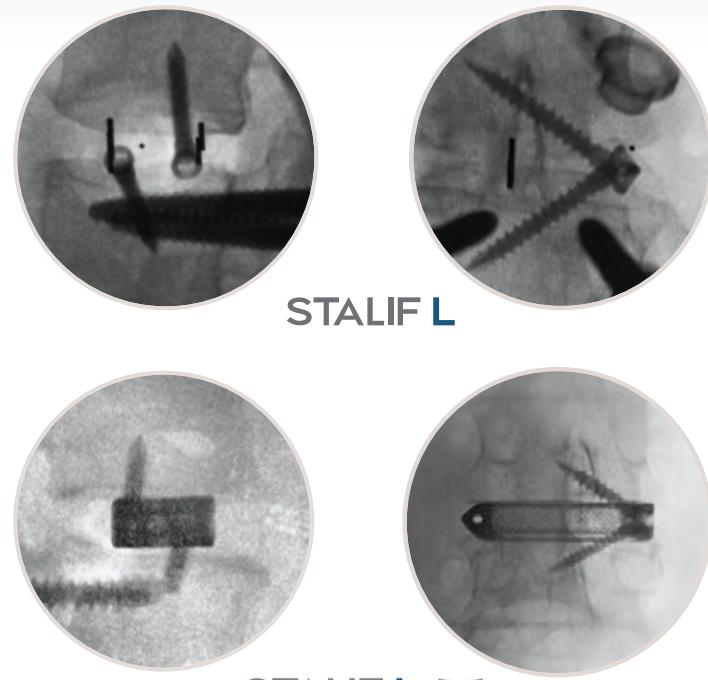
### X-Ray Confirmation

Intraoperative A/P and lateral fluoroscopy should be taken during and after screw insertion, and prior to closure, to ensure proper positioning (Figure 20).

## 19. Intraoperative Fluoroscopy with Directly Overlapped Pattern Demonstrated



## 20. Final Device Positioning



### tech TIP

For STALIF L PEEK, the screw heads will overlap (forming a “duck foot”) and will be vertically aligned with the spherical marker when the screws are fully seated. For STALIF L FLX, the screw heads will be overlapped and the overlapping corner will slightly protrude from the face of the implant when the screws are fully seated.

## Surgical Technique (continued)

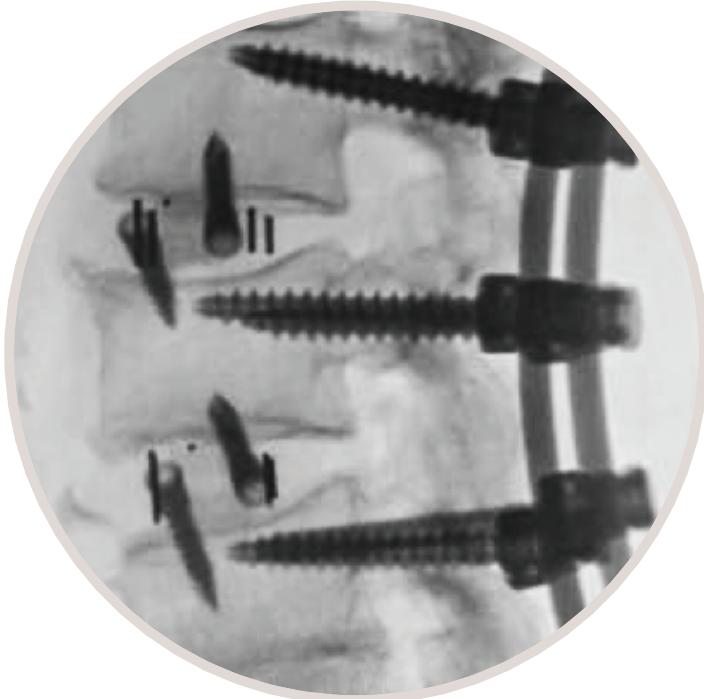
### Supplemental Fixation

The **STALIF L** Portfolio implants are required to be used with additional supplemental fixation (**Figure 12**).

### Removal / Revision

The **STALIF L** Portfolio implants can be removed by reversing the steps in the surgical procedure. An additionally available cage removal tool is available for use with **STALIF L** PEEK only (see Additionally Available Instruments). If it is necessary to use the Cage Removal Tool, the cage should be discarded. Please contact Customer Service for availability.

### 21. Fluoroscopy Demonstrating the Use of Supplemental Fixation



**please  
NOTE**

**STALIF L Portfolio Implants  
are required to be used with  
supplemental fixation**

## Tips & Pearls

- Refer to quick reference guides.
- To ensure proper implant height selection, **the trial must achieve a tight fit.**

### For STALIF L PEEK:

- Imaging verification is important
  - During implant insertion, verify that introducer indicator groove is flush to 2mm (one groove-width) proud of disc space
  - Verify proper imaging after disengaging introducer and prior to screw placement, in both A/P and Lateral views—the two sets of marker rods should closely align/superimpose and all markers should be contained within the disc space
- 35mm length screws are recommended
- Screws are self-tapping and self-drilling; awl is optional
- Proper screw combinations must be used
  - **Ø 4.5mm diameter screws for 8mm and 10mm tall cages ONLY**
  - **Ø 5.5mm diameter screws for 12mm and 14mm cages ONLY**
- ABO technology is used
  - Titanium split rings deploy without audible or tactile feedback; ring is fully deployed when the screw head is fully seated into the device
- Confirm ABO is engaged using A/P fluoroscopy → the screw heads should:
  - Be directly overlapped (forming a “duck foot”)
  - Be vertically aligned with the spherical marker
- Marker rods should be superimposed under A/P and Lateral fluoroscopy
- In final position:
  - The spherical marker should be aligned with the edge of the vertebral body or recessed up to 2mm
  - All marker rods should be contained within the disc space

### For STALIF L FLX:

- Imaging verification is important
  - During implant insertion, verify that introducer indicator groove is flush to 2mm (one groove-width) proud of disc space
  - Verify proper imaging after disengaging introducer and prior to screw placement, in the A/P view, the through hole on the nose of the implant should create a circle, and in the Lateral view the implant should have crisp edges
- 35mm length screws are recommended
- Screws are self-tapping and self-drilling; awl is optional
- **Ø 5.5mm diameter screws are used for all STALIF L FLX cages, regardless of cage height**
- ABO technology is used
  - Titanium split rings deploy without audible or tactile feedback; ring is fully deployed when the screw head is fully seated into the device
- Confirm ABO is engaged using A/P fluoroscopy → the screw heads should:
  - Be directly overlapped
  - Have the overlapping corner protrude slightly from the edge of the cage
- The cage should display a clear circle through the nose under A/P fluoroscopy and have crisp edges under Lateral fluoroscopy
- In final position:
  - The face of the cage should be aligned with the edge of the vertebral body or recessed up to 2mm
  - All flat endplate-contacting surfaces should be contained within the confines of the vertebral bodies in both A/P and lateral views

## APPENDIX: STALIF Lateral System Implant & Instrument Offering

### Standard Implants & Screws

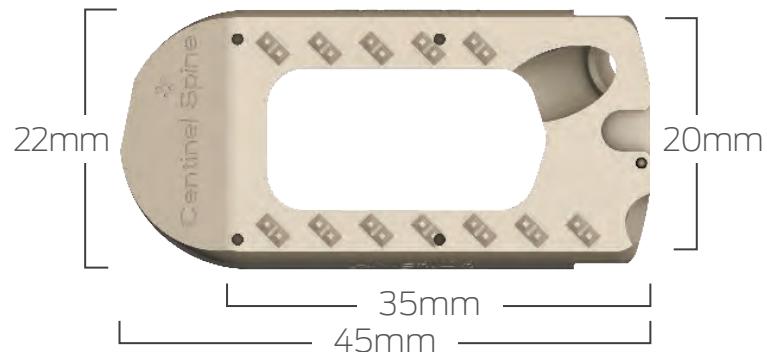
#### STALIF L PEEK Implants, 22mm A/P

45mm Length,  
Parallel

**STL4508-00**  
8mm x 0°

**STL4510-00**  
10mm x 0°

**STL4512-00**  
12mm x 0°

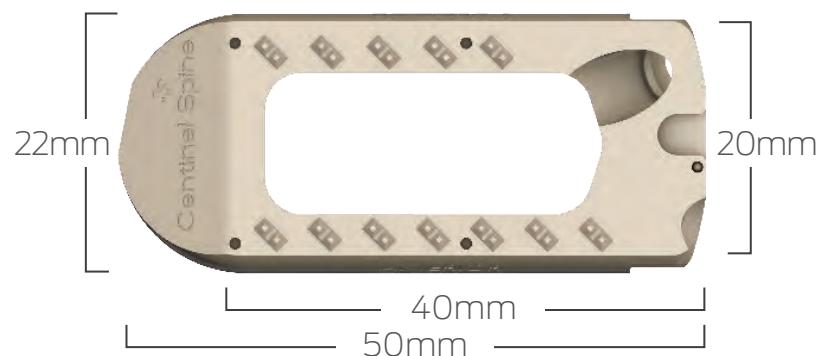


50mm Length,  
Parallel

**STL5008-00**  
8mm x 0°

**STL5010-00**  
10mm x 0°

**STL5012-00**  
12mm x 0°



55mm Length,  
Parallel

**STL5508-00**  
8mm x 0°

**STL5510-00**  
10mm x 0°

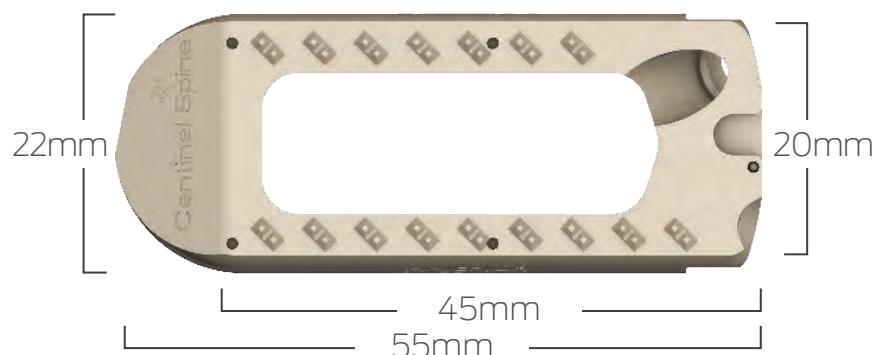
**STL5512-00**  
12mm x 0°

55mm Length,  
Lordotic

**STL5510-10**  
10mm x 10°

**STL5512-12**  
12mm x 12°

**STL5514-12**  
14mm x 12°



### STALIF L FLX Implants, 18mm A/P

45mm Length,  
Parallel

**SLF450800-18**  
8mm x 0°

**SLF451000-18**  
10mm x 0°

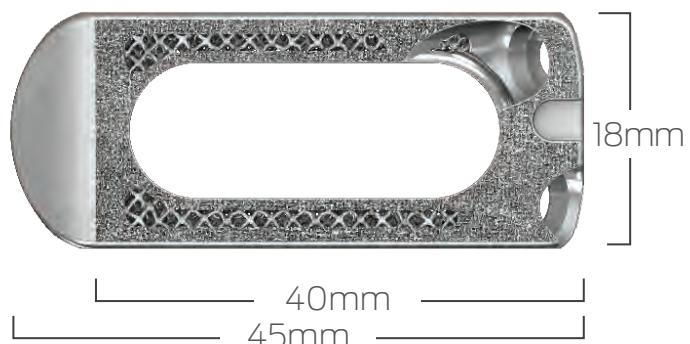
**SLF451200-18**  
12mm x 0°

45mm Length,  
Lordotic

**SLF451010-18**  
10mm x 10°

**SLF451212-18**  
12mm x 12°

**SLF451412-18**  
14mm x 12°



50mm Length,  
Parallel

**SLF500800-18**  
8mm x 0°

**SLF501000-18**  
10mm x 0°

**SLF501200-18**  
12mm x 0°

50mm Length,  
Lordotic

**SLF501010-18**  
10mm x 10°

**SLF501212-18**  
12mm x 12°

**SLF501412-18**  
14mm x 12°

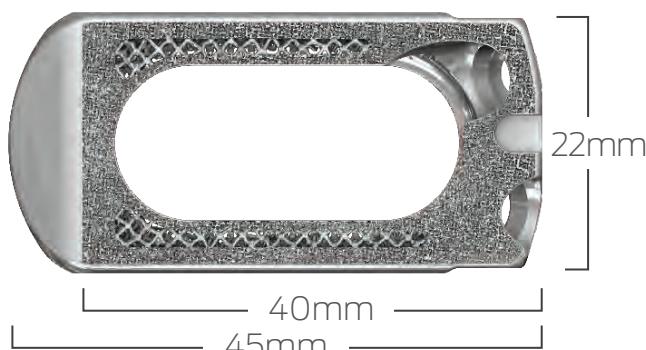


55mm Length, Parallel	55mm Length, Lordotic
<b>SLF550800-18</b> 8mm x 0°	<b>SLF551010-18</b> 10mm x 10°
<b>SLF551000-18</b> 10mm x 0°	<b>SLF551212-18</b> 12mm x 12°
<b>SLF551200-18</b> 12mm x 0°	<b>SLF551412-18</b> 14mm x 12°

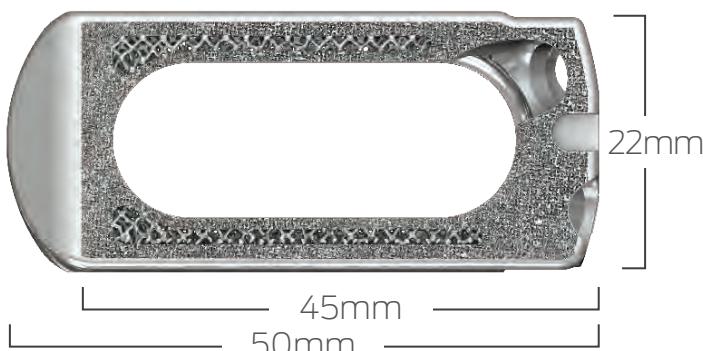


### STALIF L FLX Implants, 22mm A/P

45mm Length, Parallel	45mm Length, Lordotic
<b>SLF450800-22</b> 8mm x 0°	<b>SLF451010-22</b> 10mm x 10°
	<b>SLF451212-22</b> 12mm x 12°
	<b>SLF451412-22</b> 14mm x 12°



50mm Length, Parallel	50mm Length, Lordotic
<b>SLF500800-22</b> 8mm x 0°	<b>SLF501010-22</b> 10mm x 10°
	<b>SLF501212-22</b> 12mm x 12°
	<b>SLF501412-22</b> 14mm x 12°



55mm Length,  
Parallel

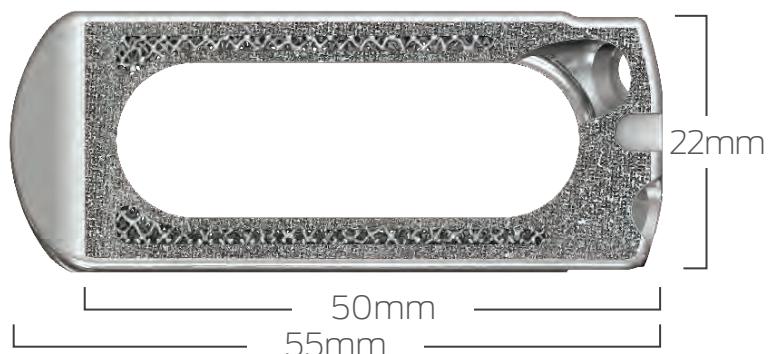
**SLF550800-22**  
8mm x 0°

55mm Length,  
Lordotic

**SLF551010-22**  
10mm x 10°

**SLF551212-22**  
12mm x 12°

**SLF551412-22**  
14mm x 12°



## STALIF L Screws

### STL4530\*

Screw, 4.5mm x  
30mm



### STL4535\*

Screw, 4.5mm x  
35mm



### STL5530

Screw, 5.5mm x  
30mm



### STL5535

Screw, 5.5mm x  
35mm



\* 4.5mm Diameter Screws are for use with STALIF L PEEK 8mm and 10mm tall cages only

## STALIF Lateral Standard Instrument Set BOM (STL-INST-XXX)

For reference only. Contact Customer Service for latest BOM.

CAS02733 Instrument Tray

### ONE LEVEL

IN1080	Graft Containment Skids (qty. 2)
IN968/1	<b>STALIF</b> Lateral inserter
IN1037	<b>STALIF</b> Lateral Angled Inserter
IN218/1	U-Joint Screw Driver
IN231/1	Ball-Joint Screw Driver
IN216/1	U-Joint Awl
IN386	Ball-Joint Awl
IN526	5.5mm <b>STALIF L/L FLX</b> Angled Awl Guide  (For Use with All <b>STALIF L FLX</b> Implants, and 12mm & 14mm Height <b>STALIF L</b> PEEK Implants Only)
IN527	4.5mm <b>STALIF L</b> PEEK Angled Awl Guide  (For Use with All <b>STALIF L</b> PEEK 8mm & 10mm Height Implants Only)



## STALIF Lateral Modular Trials & Angled Disc Prep Set BOM (STL-TRL-XXX)

For reference only. Contact Customer Service for latest BOM.

**CAS02734** Instrument Tray

### TOP LEVEL

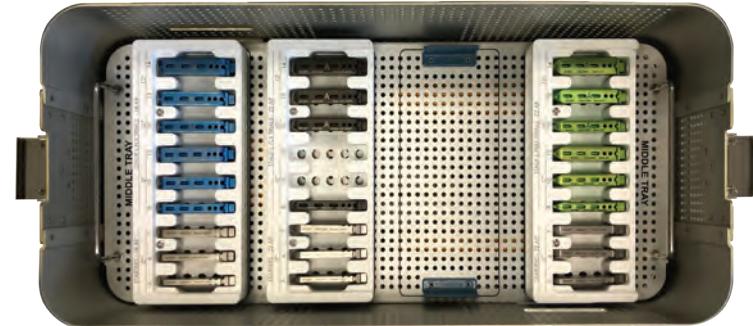
IN1350	<b>STALIF</b> Lateral Modular Trial Handle (qty.2)
IN1414	<b>STALIF</b> Lateral Modular Trial Shaft, Straight (qty. 2)
IN1337/1	Stalif Lateral Modular Trial Shaft - Angled (qty. 2)
IN507/2	Slap Hammer
IN228/1	Mallet



### MIDDLE LEVEL

**CAS02729-01** **STALIF L FLX**  
Modular Trials Caddy, 18AP

IN1219/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 18mm Starter Trial, 05 x 00°, Modular
IN1220/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 18mm Starter Trial, 06 x 00°, Modular
IN1221/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 18mm Starter Trial, 07 x 00°, Modular
IN1134/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 18mm Trial, 08 x 00°, Modular
IN1136/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 18mm Trial, 10 x 00°, Modular
IN1138/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 18mm Trial, 12 x 00°, Modular
IN1145/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 18mm Trial, 10 x 10°, Modular
IN1147/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 18mm Trial, 12 x 12°, Modular
IN1149/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 18mm Trial, 14 x 12°, Modular



**CAS02729-02 STALIF L FLX**

Modular Trials Caddy, 22AP

IN1222/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 22mm Starter Trial, 05 x 00°, Modular
IN1223/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 22mm Starter Trial, 06 x 00°, Modular
IN1224/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 22mm Starter Trial, 07 x 00°, Modular
IN1151/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 22mm Trial, 08 x 00°, Modular
IN1144/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 22mm Trial, 10 x 10°, Modular
IN1167/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 22mm Trial, 12 x 12°, Modular
IN1169/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 22mm Trial, 14 x 12°, Modular

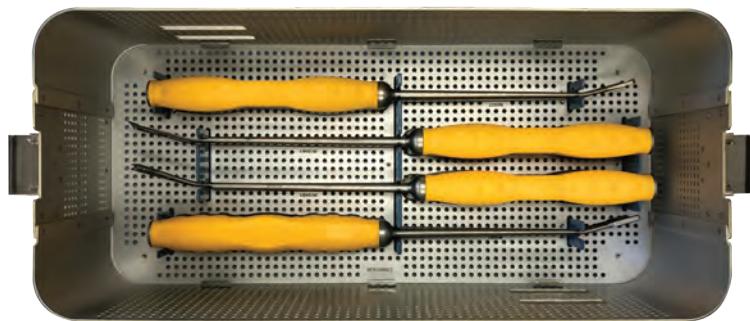
**CAS02729-03 STALIF L PEEK**

Modular Trials Caddy, 22AP

IN1222/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 22mm Starter Trial, 05 x 00°, Modular
IN1223/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 22mm Starter Trial, 06 x 00°, Modular
IN1224/1	<b>STALIF L FLX</b> , 22mm Starter Trial, 07 x 00°, Modular
IN1550	<b>STALIF L PEEK</b> Trial, 08 x 00°, Modular
IN1551	<b>STALIF L PEEK</b> Trial, 10 x 00°, Modular
IN1552	<b>STALIF L PEEK</b> Trial, 12 x 00°, Modular
IN1553	<b>STALIF L PEEK</b> Trial, 10 x 10°, Modular
IN1554	<b>STALIF L PEEK</b> Trial, 12 x 12°, Modular
IN1555	<b>STALIF L PEEK</b> Trial, 14 x 12°, Modular

**BOTTOM LEVEL**

<b>IN1044/1</b>	Forward Angled Flat Endplate Elevator, 13mm
<b>IN1045/1</b>	Reverse Angled Flat Endplate Elevator, 13mm
<b>IN1077</b>	11mm x 4mm Teardrop Curette, 15° Angle
<b>IN1081</b>	Rasp, Bent 15°



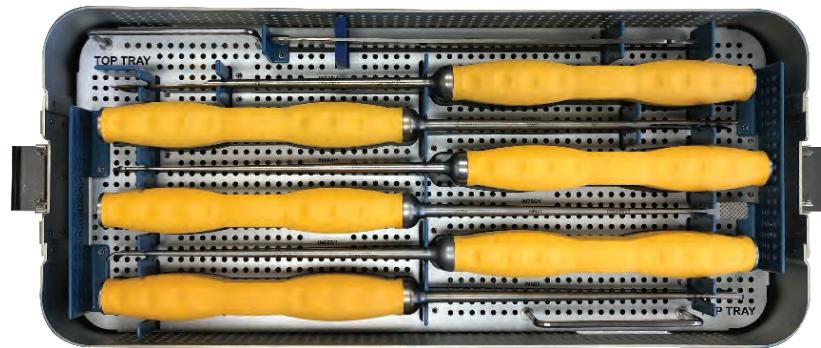
## STALIF Lateral Disc Prep Set BOM (STL-DPS-XXX)

For reference only. Contact Customer Service for latest BOM.

### STL-DPS-XXX Instrument Tray

#### TOP LEVEL

IN848	Knife Handle, 12"
IN838/1	17mm Endplate Elevator
IN686/1	20mm Endplate Elevator
IN694/1	3mm x 5mm Angled Cup Curette
IN706/1	Rasp
IN685/1	5mm x 7mm Angled Cup Curette
IN683	11mm x 4mm Teardrop Curette



#### MIDDLE LEVEL

IN697	8mm Shaver
IN698	10mm Shaver
IN699	12mm Shaver
IN700	14mm Shaver
IN903	6mm Box Cutter
IN904	8mm Box Cutter
IN905	10mm Box Cutter
IN435/1	<b>STALIF</b> Lateral T-Handle (qty. 2)



**BOTTOM LEVEL**

IN712	4mm Pituitary Rongeur, Coated
IN710	4mm Kerrison Rongeur, Coated
IN1043/1	4mm Pituitary Rongeur, Curved



## **Additionally Available Instruments (Special Order)**

**IN882**

Cage Removal Tool  
(PEEK Only)



**IN883**

TLIF Revision Hook Tool



**IN884**

TLIF Revision L Tool



**IN432**

Tamp



**IN893**

Shaver, 6mm



**IN905**

Box Cutter, 12mm



**gs36.8563**

Ribbon Retractor,  
8" x 1/2"



**gs36.8660**

Ribbon Retractor,  
13" x 3/4"



**IN688**

Endplate Elevator, 24mm



**IN689**

Osteotome, 20mm

**IN677**8mm x 20mm Square Curette,  
Bent 15°**IN851**

7mm x 9mm Angled Curette

**7338-05**Bayonet Knife Handle,  
25mm tip**7218-20 or****IN951**Tear Drop Suction Tube,  
260mm**7042-42i or****S06ITM274 or****S03-285NS**

Colibri Bipolar Forceps



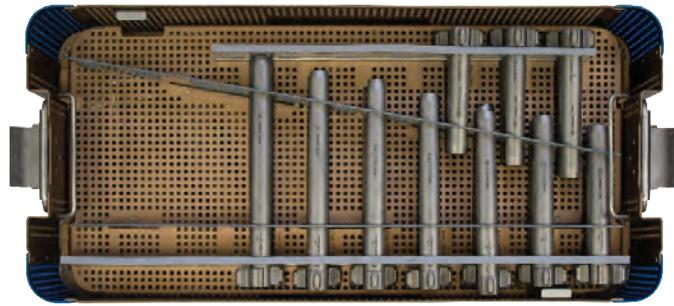
## In'Tech Lateral Retractor Set BOM (IN914-01-XX & IN914-02-XX)

For reference only. Contact Customer Service for latest BOM. Available in the U.S. only.

### IN914-01 Retractor Set Tray 1

#### TOP LEVEL

IN920	90mm Blades (Left, Right, Center)
IN921	100mm Blades (Left, Right, Center)
IN922	110mm Blades (Left, Right, Center)
IN923	120mm Blades (Left, Right, Center)
IN924	130mm Blades (Left, Right, Center)
IN925	140mm Blades (Left, Right, Center)
IN926	150mm Blades (Left, Right, Center)
IN927	160mm Blades (Left, Right, Center)
IN928	170mm Blades (Left, Right, Center)
IN929	180mm Blades (Left, Right, Center)



#### BOTTOM LEVEL

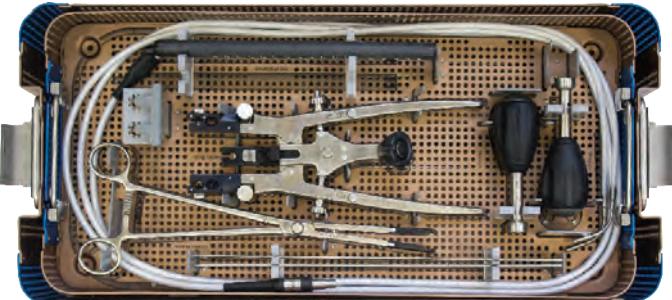
S06ITM288	Rotative Table Clamp Base
IN961/1	Table Clamp Arm
IN938	Shim (qty. 3)
IN939	Broach (qty.3)
IN933/1	4th Blade Attachment, 12-18mm
IN940	Blade Extension, Center
IN942	Blade Extension, Unilateral Left
IN943	Blade Extension, Unilateral Right
IN934	4th Blade, 12 x 160mm
IN935	4th Blade, 12 x 210mm
IN944	Shim and Broach Inserter



## IN914-02 Retractor Set Tray 2

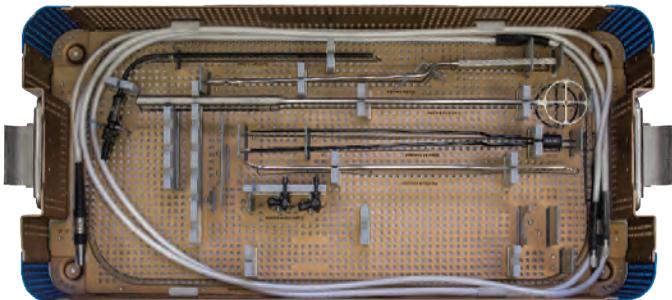
## TOP LEVEL

IN956	Dilator, 8.5mm
IN957	Dilator, 14mm
IN915/1	Retractor Body
IN945/1	Wrench (qty. 2)
IN955	Dilator Holder
IN954	K-Wire (qty. 2)
SO6ITM236	ACMI Light Cable, Reusable



## BOTTOM LEVEL

IN951	Suction Tube, 12" (qty. 2)
IN950	Bayonet Knife Handle
IN948	Incision Locator
SO6ITM274 or SO3-285NS	Bipolar Probe
IN952	Dual-Ended Penfield
IN958	Light Connector, Reusable (qty. 2)
SO6ITM234	ACMI Extension Cord (For Light Mat), Reusable



## In'Tech Disposables

SO6ITM231	Disposable Nerve Monitoring Probe
SO6ITM308	Disposable Light Mat Surgical Illuminator

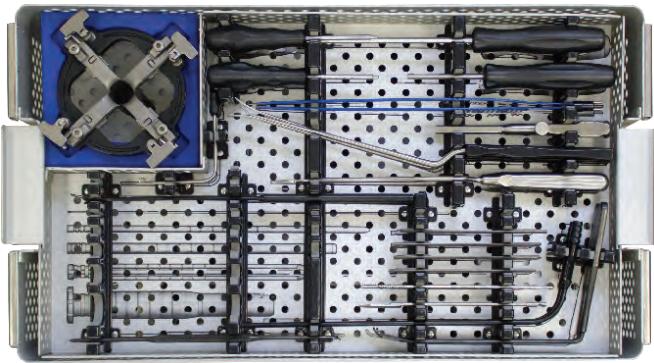
## Koros Lateral Retractor Set BOM (7332-65-XXX)

For reference only. Contact Customer Service for latest BOM. Available in the U.S. only.

**7332-69** Retractor Set Tray

### TOP LEVEL

7332-66	Clover Retractor Frame
7332-82	Hex Driver (qty. 2)
7332-81L	Long Anchor Screw Driver
7332-81	Short Anchor Screw Driver
7042-42i	Colibri Bipolar Forceps
7332-87	Shim Holder
7230-60	Bayonet Angled Tip Woodson, 190mm
7230-62	Bayonet Dissector, Down, 190mm
7230-64	Bayonet Dissector, Up, 190mm
7332-71	Light Pipe, 3mm Diameter (qty. 2)
7338-05	Bayonet Knife Handle, 250mm
7332-73S	K-Wire (qty. 2)
7225-54b	Long Penfield #4 Dissector, Black (qty. 2)
7332-68	Clover Fluted Blades (qty. 4)
7332-79	Anchor Screw, 3mm Diameter (qty. 2)
7332-83	Titanium Shim
7218-18	Tear Drop Suction Tube, Black, 260mm (qty. 2)
7332-84	Blade Adjustor, Black, 190mm (qty. 2)
7233-54	Weary/Scoville Type Nerve Root Retractor, 6.5mm
7233-56	Weary/Scoville Type Nerve Root Retractor, 11mm



### BOTTOM LEVEL

7332-97	Offset Extension Bar
7233-62	Ti-Blade Retractor, 9mm x 170mm
7332-91	Star Table Clamp Base
7332-72	Double-Ended Light Cord
7332-93	Multi-Position Table Post
7332-98	Flex Arm with Clamp
7332-78	Dilator Holding Clamp



## Dynamic Flex Arm Table Mount (7332-95)

7332-93	Multi-Position Table Post
7332-97	Offset Extension Bar
7332-98	Flex Arm with Clamp
7332-91	Star Table Clamp Base

## Koros Disposable Neuromonitoring Kit (7332-99D)

7332-73D	Disposable K-Wire
7332-74D	Disposable Dilator Tube, 5mm
7332-75D	Disposable Dilator Tube, 9mm
7332-76D	Disposable Dilator Tube, 16mm
7332-89D	Disposable Neuro Wire w/ Clip
7332-86D	Disposable Nerve Stimulator Probe

## Additional Koros Instruments

7332-77S	XL Dilator Tube, Disposable
7233-64	Ti-Blade Retractor, 13mm x 170mm
7233-66	Ti-Blade Retractor, 18mm x 170mm

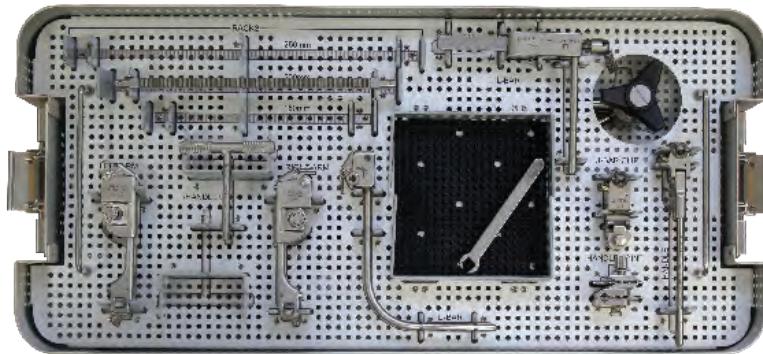
## Thompson Lateral Retractor Set BOM (TLRT1-XXX & TLRT2-XXX)

For reference only. Contact Customer Service for latest BOM. Available in the U.S. only.

**TLRT1** Retractor Set Tray 1

### TOP LEVEL

60010	Rack, 200mm
47213	L-Bar
60009	Left Arm
60020	T-Handle
60008	Right Arm
47212	U-Bar
43032	Angling Wrench
47205T	U-Bar Clip
SL45012S	Handle Joint
SL45002AS	Handle



### BOTTOM LEVEL

42138N	Articulating Arm
40002MISL	Fiber Optic LED Light Cable, Reusable
41902ACL	Rail Clamp

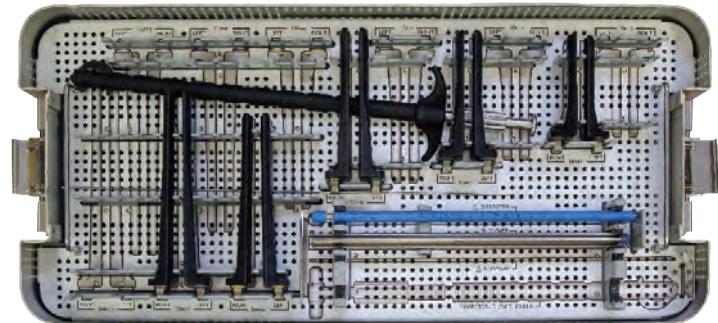


## Thompson Disposables

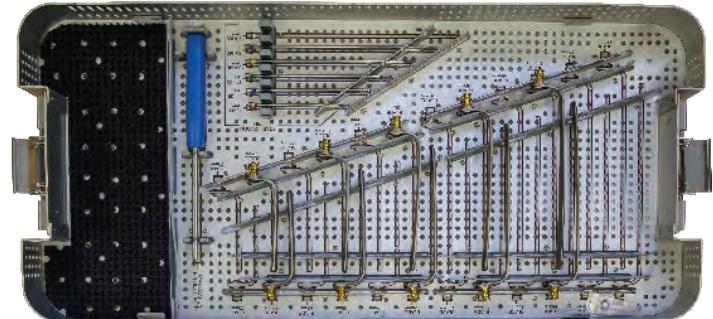
302427-000-275	Disposable Monopolar Direct Nerve Stimulator Probe
302775-200	Disposable Multi-Stage Lead-Wire

**TLRT2** Retractor Set Tray 2**TOP LEVEL**

<b>45817</b>	Dissector/Clover Holder
<b>45966R</b>	160mm Caudal/Cephalad Blade, Right (magenta)
<b>45966L</b>	160mm Caudal/Cephalad Blade, Left (magenta)
<b>45964R</b>	140mm Caudal/Cephalad Blade, Right (yellow)
<b>45964L</b>	140mm Caudal/Cephalad Blade, Left (yellow)
<b>45962R</b>	120mm Caudal/Cephalad Blade, Right (green)
<b>45962L</b>	120mm Caudal/Cephalad Blade, Left (green)
<b>45960R</b>	100mm Caudal/Cephalad Blade, Right (blue)
<b>45960L</b>	100mm Caudal/Cephalad Blade, Left (blue)
<b>45958R</b>	80mm Caudal/Cephalad Blade, Right (red)
<b>45958L</b>	80mm Caudal/Cephalad Blade, Left (red)
<b>45805</b>	Dissector, Coated w/ 2 mm Lumen
<b>45808</b>	Clover Dilator
<b>64018</b>	K-Wire (qty. 2)

**BOTTOM LEVEL**

<b>51320</b>	Stabilization Pin Screw Driver
<b>51315</b>	160mm Stabilization Pin (magenta) (qty. 2)
<b>51313</b>	140mm Stabilization Pin (yellow) (qty. 2)
<b>51311</b>	120mm Stabilization Pin (green) (qty. 2)
<b>51309</b>	100mm Stabilization Pin (blue) (qty. 2)
<b>51307</b>	80mm Stabilization Pin (red) (qty. 2)
<b>SL46738</b>	80mm Anterior/Posterior Blade (qty. 2)
<b>SL46740</b>	100mm Anterior/Posterior Blade (qty. 2)
<b>SL46742</b>	120mm Anterior/Posterior Blade (qty. 2)
<b>SL46744</b>	140mm Anterior/Posterior Blade (qty. 2)
<b>SL46746</b>	160mm Anterior/Posterior Blade (qty. 2)

**OPTIONAL THOMPSON ACCESSORIES**

<b>LLS-2000</b>	LED light source
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## Notes



 Silony Medical GmbH  
Leinfelder Strasse 60  
70771 Leinfelden-Echterdingen  
Germany  
Tel +49 711 78 25 25 0  
Fax +49 711 78 25 25 11  
Tel (US) +1 305 916 0016  
[www.silony spine.com](http://www.silony spine.com)

 [labeling.silony-medical.com/contact](mailto:labeling.silony-medical.com/contact)

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