

VERTICALE® CERVICAL SCREW ROD SYSTEM WITH OCCIPITO-CERVICAL FUSION

INSTRUMENTATION GUIDE

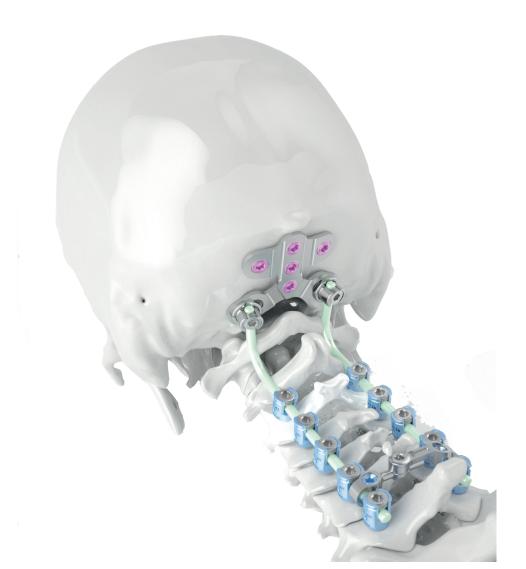




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NOTE: This guide describes the instrumentation of the VERTICALE Cervical posterior spinal fixation system. This guide does not replace briefing by a physician experienced in the instrumentation used in spinal surgery. We would be happy to assist you in finding a hospital that provides an opportunity to observe surgical procedures.



PREFACE

VERTICALE® CERVICAL SCREW ROD SYSTEM INCLUDING OCCIPITO-CERVICAL FUSION

The VERTICALE CERVICAL System is a posterior double rod fixation system for immobilization and stabilization of the spinal segments of the craniocervical junction (occiput-C2), cervical spine (C1-C7), and thoracic spine (T1-T3). The system may only be used in the field of human medicine and consists of polyaxial screws, favored angle polyaxial (FA) screws, rods, occiput plates, connectors and the related instrumentation. Implants of the VERTICALE CERVICAL System are supplied sterile and are intended for single use.

Different screw placements will be possible:

- C1: Lateral mass screw
- C2: Isthmus screw, pedicle screw, laminar screw, transarticular
- C1-2: Length of current screw can be used for this connection
- C3-7: Lateral mass screw, pedicle screw, laminar screw
- T1-T3: Pedicle screw, laminar screw

NOTE: Ventral interbody support in the form of an intervertebral implant device, such as a Silony Cage System, is recommended for treating instabilities of the anterior spine and is used at the discretion of the operating surgeon and in accordance with the respective indication.

NOTE: Please also follow the Instructions for Use provided with each product. All instrumentation guides and Instructions for Use can be found on our eLabeling portal (https://elabeling.silonymedical.com/).

VERTICALE® CERVICAL INSTRUMENTATION GUIDE

In the following section, we begin by describing a monosegmental posterior VERTICALE CERVICAL Instrumentation with pedicle screws that forms the basis for all subsequent steps with additional instruments and implants. Multisegmental instrumentations or the implantation of other screws (e.g. lateral mass screws) are also performed according these instructions.

Position and approach

The patient is positioned in the prone position as is common for the posterior approach. The skin incision is performed medially above the spinous processes corresponding to the spinal segments to be treated. The soft tissue is then dissected until the anatomical structures of the spinal column can be clearly seen.

Opening the pedicle



The desired screw insertion point into the pedicle is defined by means of anatomical landmarks and under X-ray control or other suitable inspection methods. The cortex is subsequently opened with the VERTICALE CERVICAL Awl with depth stop (Fig. 1). For safety reasons, the awl has a depth stop after 6 mm. The pedicle is opened further down to the cancellous bone of the vertebral body with the corresponding VERTICALE CERVICAL Probe.

Additional instruments to open the pedicle can be found in the chapter "Instruments".



Fig. 1 Opening the pedicle with the awl or probe

Probing the pedicle



The one-sided VERTICALE CERVICAL Pedicle Feeler can be used to check the prepared screw channel for possible perforations (Fig. 2).



Fig. 2 Probing the pedicle with the pedicle feeler

Drilling

VI-0230* VERTICALE CERVICAL Drill Guide Standard



VI-0256* VERTICALE CERVICAL Drill Guide



VI-0235* VERTICALE CERVICAL Drill 2.4 mm standard



Various drill guides are available. A standard version for screw sizes between 10 mm and 30 mm, and two XL versions for screw lengths of 56 mm. Choose the corresponding drill guide for the desired screw dimension (determine the appropriate screw dimension by preoperative planning).

Insert the depth stop into the corresponding drill guide and set the depth stop to the required screw length. The adjustment of the length is made by pressing the button on the proximal part of the drill guide. The corresponding screw length is indicated by the laser marking on the drill guide (Fig. 3).

Separate drills are available for the respective drill guides.* The drills have diameters of 2.4 mm and 2.9 mm for 3.5 mm and 4.0 mm screws, respectively. The drills are color coded according to the anodization color of the screws, i.e. yellow for the 3.5 mm screws and blue for the 4.0 mm screws. Choose an appropriate drill for corresponding screw diameter ensuring the color coding of the drill matches the anodization colour of the screw.

The drills can be used with one of the VERTICALE CERVICAL quick-coupling handles or with a power tool. Drill the hole into the pedicle or lateral mass to the appropriate depth and use intraoperative X-ray control if necessary (Fig. 4).

Further drill options are shown in the chapter "Instruments".

NOTE: Confirm the correct adjustment of the depth stop and the desired drill length prior to drilling! Please correct the position of the depth stop if necessary.

NOTE: Ensure the sharpness of the drill prior to drilling! In case of blunt drill, use a new one.

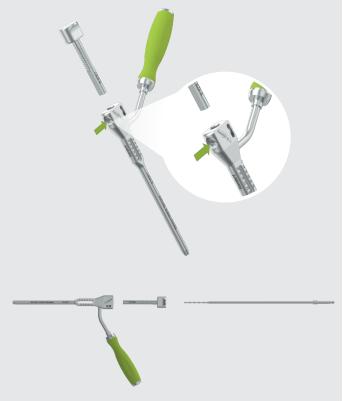


Fig. 3 Assembling of the drill guide and insertion of the corresponding drill



Fig. 4 Drilling a hole into the pedicle

Determining the screw dimensions

VI-0030 VERTICALE CERVICAL Depth

VI-0020* VERTICALE CERVICAL Probe, straight



Using the markings on the VERTICALE CERVICAL Probe, the dimension of the pedicle screw can be estimated. The markings are between 10 and 30 mm in increments of 10 mm. Use the VERTICALE CERVICAL Depth Gauge with markings between 8 and 56 mm with increments of 2 mm to confirm the required screw length (Fig. 5).

Further probes are shown in the chapter "Instruments"



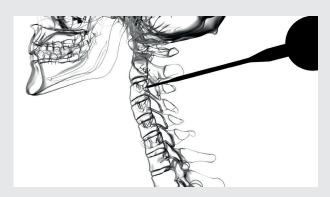




Fig. 5 Determining the length of the screws

NOTE: Do not bend the depth gauge or push by force into the bone as damage of the instrument may occur, which may lead to false length indications. Please check, whether the tip of the depth gauge is intact. Use the depth gauge only if the tip is intact and the laser marking is clearly visible.

Tapping



All VERTICALE CERVICAL screws have a self-tapping thread. However, for very hard bone structures (e.g., sclerotic bone) it may be necessary to pre-tap the thread into the bone. Taps for the screws with a diameter of 3.5 and 4.0 mm are available for this. All taps are color coded according to the anodization color of the screws, i.e., yellow for the 3.5 mm screws and blue for the 4.0 mm screws. Separate taps for the various drill guides are available. Choose a tap with suitable diameter and length ensuring the color coding of the tap matches the anodization color of the screw. The depth of tapping is controlled by the depth stop of the drill guides (Fig. 6). The taps can be used with one of the VERTICALE CERVICAL quick-coupling handles. After selecting the appropriate modular and cannulated handle (T-handle, long handle, with or without ratchet mechanism), it is connected to the corresponding VERTICALE CERVICAL Tap by locking into place (Fig. 7). The screw channel is prepared clockwise. The thread on the VERTICALE CERVICAL taps has a length of 16 mm. After cutting, the tap is disengaged by turning it counter clockwise. Cannulated taps are available for guided insertion using a guide-wire (Ø 1.3 mm). See appendix VERTICALE CERVICAL instruments.

- Further taps and drill guides are shown in the chapter "Instruments".
- ** Further handle options are shown in the chapter "Instruments".

NOTE: If using another guide wire than listed in the appendix, ensure that the length of the guide wire exceeds the length of implant, instrument and additional handle.

NOTE: Do not use a power tool for tapping!



Fig. 6 Inserting the depth stop and set the depth stop to the required length

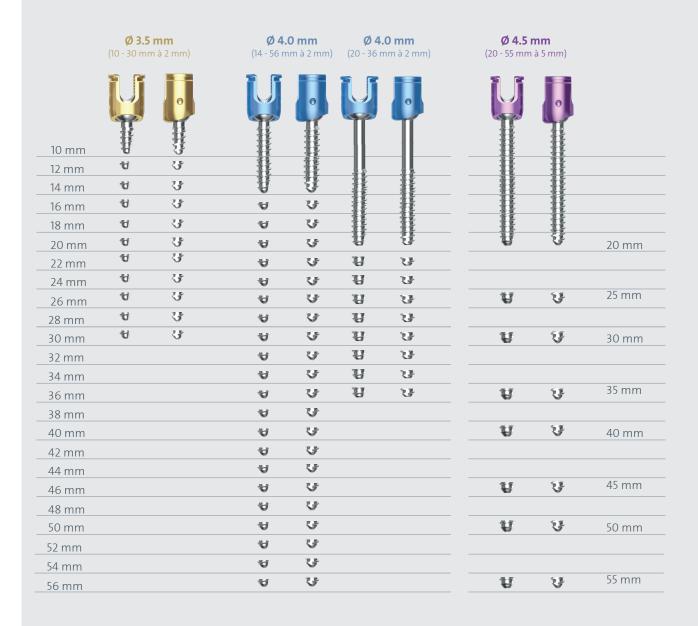


Fig. 7 Tapping of screw holes

Selection of pedicle screws

To enable faster and easier identification, all VERTICALE CERVICAL screws are color coded by diameter. The lengths vary by 2 mm increments for the 3.5 mm and 4.0 mm screws. The 4.5 mm screw serves as a revision option and vary by 5 mm increments. Two different types of screw heads are available. The poly-head with an angulation of 40° in all directions and an FA-head (FA = far angle) with an increased angulation of 57° in either cranial or caudal direction. 4.0 mm and 4.5 mm screws are also available with cannulation. Moreover, a smooth shank option is available with 10 mm non-threaded screw shaft for the 4.0 mm screws.*

Further screw options are shown in the chapter "Implants".



NOTE: Using the A-P X-ray image, choose pedicle screws according to the pedicle diameter with the largest possible diameter. The length of the screw should be such that it reaches at least 2/3 of the diameter of the vertebral body, and in the best case the anterior edge of the vertebral body.

Preparing the pedicle screwdriver

VI-0130* VERTICALE CERVICAL Pedicle SD (screwdriver) VI-0201** VERTICALE CERVICAL Straight handle, cannulated

The VERTICALE CERVICAL Pedicle Screwdriver is used to screw in the VERTICALE CERVICAL screws. It has to be assembled prior to use.

Mount the inner shaft of the screwdriver to the basic core by pushing the button at the proximal part of the basic core. To ensure better protection of the tissue, the screwdriver is equipped with a removable protection sleeve. It is attached, as shown, until it clicks into position (Fig. 8a).

The screwdriver is mounted onto the desired handle using the quick coupling on the handle. Different modular handles are available for use with the screwdrivers (with or without ratchet mechanism). Laser marking on the quick-coupling supports the right orientation of the modular handle for mounting.

- * Further screwdrivers are shown in the chapter "Instruments".
- ** Further handle options are shown in the chapter "Instruments".



Fig. 8a Assembly of pedicle screwdriver

Picking up the screws

VI-0130* VERTICALE CERVICAL Pedicle SD (screwdriver)* VI-0201** **VERTICALE CERVICAL Straight** handle, cannulated

Care must be taken to ensure an orthograde alignment between the tulip and screw shaft. The inner shaft of the VERTICALE CERVICAL Pedicle Screwdriver is first inserted deeply into the inner Torx of the screw shaft. After that, the threaded basic core is pushed towards the tulip and the internal thread of the tulip is connected to the external thread of the instrument by rotating to knob of the screwdriver clockwise and applying mild downward force with the instrument shaft (Fig. 9). Ensure that the T-shaped tip is sufficiently inserted into the tulip for secure locking of the screw to the pedicle screwdriver.

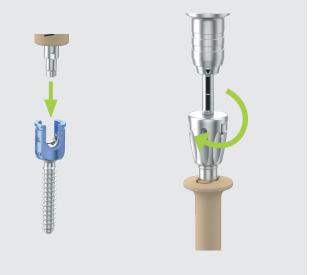


Fig. 9 Attaching pedicle screwdriver to pedicle screw

Pedicle screw insertion

VI-0130* VERTICALE CERVICAL Pedicle SD (screwdriver)



VI-0201** **VERTICALE CERVICAL Straight** handle, cannulated



The VERTICALE CERVICAL pedicle screws are screwed into the prepared screw channel of the bone until the screw shaft is fully inserted into the pedicle (Fig. 10). Screwing too far into the pedicle can restrict the mobility of the tulip and make it difficult to insert the rod later. To disengage the instrument from the pedicle screw, maintain firm grip of screwdriver handle while rotating the rotation knob of sleeve counterclockwise and pull instrument away from tulip. This process is repeated until all pedicle screws have been inserted. Verifying the correct positioning of the pedicle screws by means of an image intensifier in frontal and sagittal projection is strongly recommended.

- Further screwdrivers are shown in the chapter "Instruments"
- ** Further handle options are shown in the chapter "Instruments"

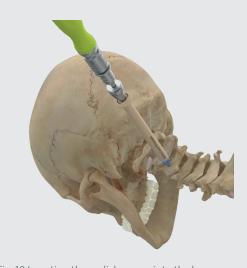


Fig. 10 Inserting the pedicle screw into the bone

NOTE: It is important that the polyaxiality of the tulip is not blocked. If necessary, the screw must be turned back a little.

Countersinking the pedicle screw

VI-0446 VERTICALE CERVICAL Pedicle Screwdriver Ballhead

The VERTICALE CERVICAL Pedicle Screwdriver Ballhead is available for countersinking the pedicle screws (Fig. 11).



Fig. 11 Countersinking the pedicle screws

Aligning the screw heads (tulip)

VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod and



The VERTICALE CERVICAL screw heads are adjusted with the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod and Tulip Adjuster. The adjuster is placed into the tulip and can then be used to align the tulip (by rotating and tilting) depending on how the rod will subsequently be inserted (Fig. 12).



Fig. 12 Aligning the pedicle screw heads with the rod and tulip adjuster

Selecting and sizing the rods

VI-0535 VERTICALE Phantom Rod 3.5 x

VI-0610 VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Bender



VI-0260 VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Cutter*



Various rod lengths with a diameter of 3.5 and 4.0 mm are available. Details can be found in chapter "Implants". The VERTICALE CERVICAL Phantom Rod can be used to determine the required rod length and curvature. In order to estimate the required rod length, laser markings on the phantom rod are implemented in increments of 10 mm. Rods that are too long can be shortened with the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Cutter. Rotate the knurled wheel until the two arrows are aligned. Insert the rod into the corresponding hole (i.e. 3.5 mm or 4.0 mm). Repeatedly, squeeze the handles and initiate the ratcheting mechanism until the rod is cut. Before the next rod can be cut, rotate the knurled wheel until the two arrows are aligned again (Fig. 13a).

For individual anatomic adjustment of the rod, you can use the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Bender. Place the rod within the rod bender and squeeze the handles until the desired curvature is reached. Three different bending radii are possible (small, medium, large). In order to change the bending radius, pull the center knob and turn (~120°) to select the required bending radius. Make sure the center knob is arrested correctly and fixed in its position before contouring the rod (Fig. 13b).



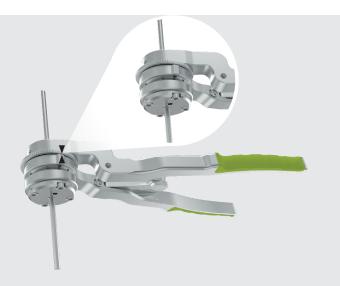


Fig. 13a Cutting the rod with the rod cutter



Fig. 13b Bending the rod with the rod bender

NOTE: The "cutting line" indicates the area where the rod will be cut. This line is located approximately 8 mm from the upper face of the instrument where the rod will be inserted.

NOTE: Any reverse bending of the rod decreases the integrity of the material and must be avoided. For this reason, bending of the rod should be performed gradually until the desired curvature is attained.

Inserting the rods

VI-0330 VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Holder



VI-0350 VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod and Tulip Adjuster



The rods are inserted using the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Holder (Fig. 14).

If the rod is not placed deep enough into the pedicle tulip, it can be additionally maneuvered into the correct position with the VERTICALE Rod and Tulip Adjuster.

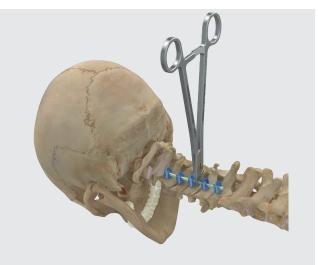
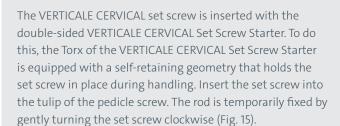


Fig. 14 Inserting the rods

NOTE: The end of the rod shall visibly protrude from the last screw head to ensure sufficient contact between tulip, set screw and rod.

Temporarily tightening the set screw

VI-0421 **VERTICALE CERVICAL Setscrew** Starter double



NOTE: Set screws should always be inserted with a smooth clockwise rotation. To prevent tilting, a brief prior counter clockwise rotation can facilitate insertion of the set screw into the first thread.

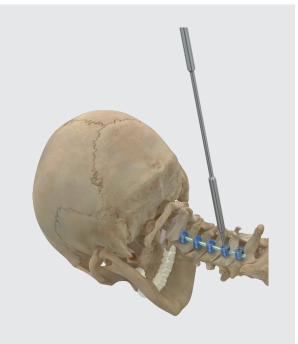


Fig. 15 Inserting and temporarily tightening the set screw

Final tightening using the counter torque



The VERTICALE CERVICAL Counter Torque is used to stabilize the rotation when tightening the VERTICALE CERVICAL Set Screw. In order to insert the set screw with guidance, the counter torque is placed directly onto the screw head. The VERTICALE CERVICAL Counter Torque can be conveniently mounted parallel or at right angles to the rod. The VERTICALE CERVICAL Torque Limiter (Torx 20) can then be guided by the counter torque and the set screw is tightened in its final position with a torque of 3 Nm (an audible click indicates that the torque has been reached). The same procedure must be repeated with all other set screws (Fig. 16). We recommend ensuring that the set screw is correctly seated by repeatedly tightening with the torque limiter. This is confirmed by two clicking sounds.



Fig. 16 Final tightening using the counter torque

Verification

Please check the correct position of the rods and screws as well as the result of compression and distraction maneuvers by final X-ray.

The result of the instrumentation is verified using images in two planes from an image intensifier.

VERTICALE® CERVICAL – INSTRUMENT-BASED REDUCTION AND CORRECTION OPTIONS

VERTICALE CERVICAL Instruments in one or more segments.

Compression and distraction

VI-0620 VERTICALE CERVICAL Distraction Pliers



VI-0630 VERTICALE CERVICAL Compression Pliers



To compress or distract the pedicle screws, the VERTICALE CERVICAL Distraction or Compression Pliers are attached to the rod. The desired maneuver is performed by pressing together the respective pliers (Fig. 17 + 18). Both compression and distraction pliers feature a parallel mechanism for improved handling. The set screws are then final tightened with the VERTICALE CERVICAL Torque Limiter 3 Nm and the VERTICALE CERVICAL Counter Torque to secure the result of the compression or distraction maneuver.



Fig. 17 Compression with the compression pliers



Fig. 18 Distraction with the distraction pliers

NOTE: The set screws, at least one in the segment being corrected, must not be closed tightly during the maneuver.

Reduction with the reduction instrument

VI-0360 **VERTICALE CERVICAL Reduction** Instrument



The VERTICALE CERVICAL Reduction Instrument is used to reduce the rod into the tulip of the pedicle screws. It is positively locked onto the designated hook groove (notch) at the verge of the tulip and the wings of the reduction instrument. The rod is then persuaded into the tulip by pressing together the handles of the reduction instrument. At the same time, the position of the vertebral body is corrected to posterior (Fig. 19).

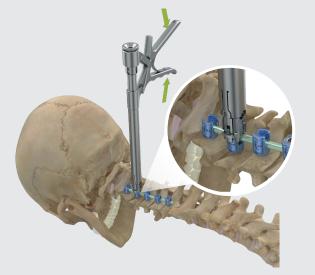


Fig. 19 Reduction with the reduction instrument

NOTE: Consider both wings of the reduction instrument being in contact with the outer notch of the screw head (illustration) before pushing the rod into the tulip.

Fixing the rod in place with the reduction instrument

VI-0360 **VERTICALE CERVICAL Reduction** Instrument



VI-0421 **VERTICALE CERVICAL Setscrew** Starter double



Fixation of the rod is achieved using the VERTICALE CERVICAL Set Screw. It is inserted with the VERTICALE Set Screw Starter. To do this, the set screw is attached to the self-retaining Torx on the VERTICALE Set Screw Starter (Fig. 20). The rod is temporarily fixed by turning the set screw.

NOTE: Neither the set screw starter nor the reduction tool are designed for final screw tightening and may get damaged if applied torque is too high. For final tightening use the torque limiter and counter torque.



Fig. 20 Fixation with the reduction instrument and set screw starter

INSTRUMENTATION WITH THE VERTICALE® **CERVICAL CROSS CONNECTOR**

VERTICALE CERVICAL Cross Connectors (CC) are recommended to improve rotational stability, especially for

Size determination

VI-0830 VERTICALE CERVICAL Cross Connector Sizer



Three different sizes of the VERTICAL CERVICAL Cross Connector implants are available with color-coding via the pre-mounted set screws.

In order to determine the required size, use the VERTICALE CERVICAL Cross Connector Indicator, For this, the instrument is attached to both rods (Fig. 21). Both rods have to lie completely in the two recesses of the instrument. Otherwise, another size range needs to be checked with the instrument.

NOTE: In case of two possible size indications please select the larger cross connector in order to prevent high strain and accidently disassembly.



Fig. 21 Size determination of cross connector

Preparing the cross connectors

VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Holder



VERTICALE CERVICAL CC Torque Limiter 2Nm



Ensure the pre-mounted set screws are loosened by using the VERTICALE CERVICAL CC Torque Limiter 2 Nm (Torx 15) prior to insertion onto the rods. Pay attention not to detach the set screws completely from the cross connector (Fig. 22).



Fig. 22 Preparing and inserting the cross connector

Inserting and temporarily fixing the cross connector



The cross connector can be engaged with the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Holder and inserted between the rods. Ensure that the cross connector is positioned correctly on the rod before tightening the set screws (Fig. 23). The cross connector can be adjusted in three dimensions, i.e. adjustment of the length, rotation around the transverse axis and rotation around the sagittal axis. After placing the cross connector on the rods, first the lateral set screws and then the medial set screw are temporarily fixed with the VERTICALE CERVICAL CC Torque Limiter 2 Nm by tightening the screws hand-tight.

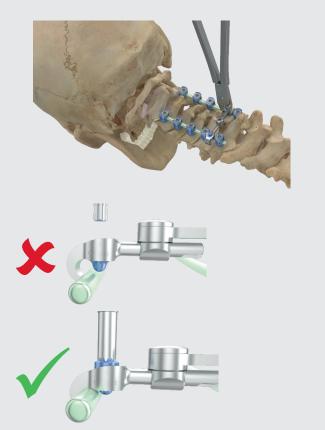


Fig. 23 Inserting and temporarily fixing the cross connector

Final tightening using the cross connector counter torque

VI-0810 VERTICALE CERVICAL CC Torque Limiter 2Nm VI-0820 VERTICALE CERVICAL CC Counter Torque

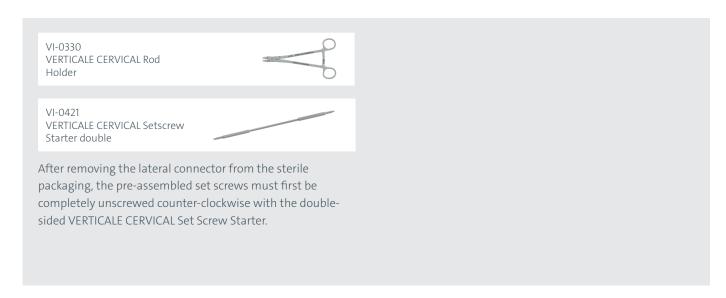
The VERTICALE CERVICAL CC Counter Torque is used to stabilize the rotation when tightening the cross connector set screw. The VERTICALE CERVICAL CC Torque Limiter (Torx 15) can then be guided by the counter torque and the cross connector set screws are tightened in their final position with a torque of 2 Nm (an audible click indicates that the torque has been reached). The same procedure must be repeated with all other cross connector set screws. Begin fixation with both lateral set screws prior to tightening the medial screw (Fig. 24).



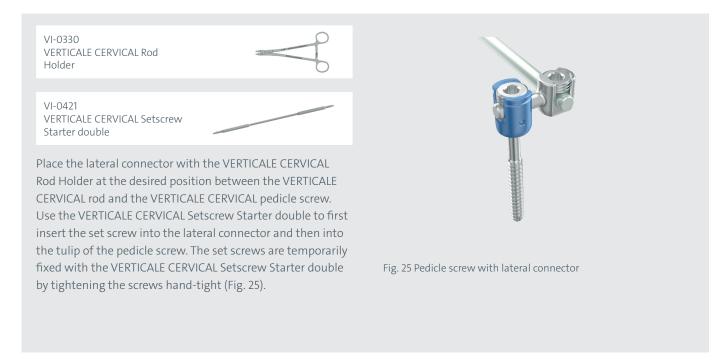
Fig. 24 Final tightening with the counter torque

INSTRUMENTATION WITH THE VERTICALE® **CERVICAL LATERAL CONNECTOR**

Preparing the lateral connector



Inserting and temporarily fixing the lateral connector



Final tightening using the counter torque

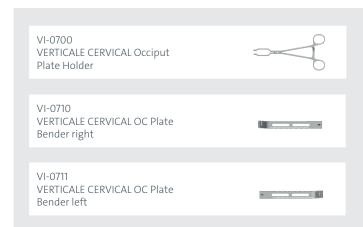


The VERTICALE CERVICAL Counter Torque is used to stabilize the rotation when tightening the VERTICALE CERVICAL Set Screw. In order to insert the set screw with guidance, the counter torque is placed directly onto the screw head. The VERTICALE CERVICAL Counter Torque can be conveniently mounted parallel or at right angles to the rod. The VERTICALE CERVICAL Torque Limiter (Torx 20) can then be guided by the counter torque and the set screw is tightened in its final position with a torque of 3 Nm (an audible click indicates that the torque has been reached). The same procedure must be repeated with all other set screws.

We recommend ensuring that the set screw is correctly seated by repeatedly tightening with the torque limiter. This is confirmed by two clicking sounds.

VERTICALE® CERVICAL OCCIPUT INSTRUMENTATION

Determine plate position and shape



The VERTICALE CERVICAL Occiput Plate Holder is used to determine the appropriate plate positioning and screw placement. Three different designs of occiput plates are available. Chose the appropriate plate design for the patient's anatomy.

If required, use the plate bender to bend the plate to the desired shape. For bending the lateral wings of the plate insert them into the proximal part of the plate bender (Fig. 26). A self-retaining mechanism prevents the plate from falling down during bending. The area of the anchors can be bent by placing the distal flat end of the plate bender around the anchors. Gently bend the plate to the desired shape. The bending should be performed only in the bending zones to avoid damaging the area of the screw holes.





Fig. 26 Bending of the desired plate shape

NOTE: The appropriate plate size and plate position should be determined by preoperative imaging techniques.

NOTE: Do not bend the plate more than 15°. Do not perform reverse bending of the plate in order not to decrease the fatigue life of the material.

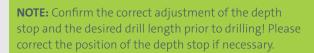
Drilling with occiput drills



Insert the depth stop into the drill guide and set the depth stop to the required screw length. The adjustment of the length is made by pressing the button on the proximal part of the drill guide (Fig. 27). The corresponding screw length is indicated by the laser marking on the drill guide (Determine the appropriate screw dimension by preoperative planning). Drills are available in both straight and flexible versions (with a universal joint for difficult anatomy).* All drills have a diameter of 3.4 mm. The drills can be used with one of the VERTICALE CERVICAL quick-coupling handles or with a power tool. If a power drill is used in combination with the flexible drill, avoid angulation of more than 45° of the universal joint during drilling as damage of the drill may

Place the tip of the drill guide in one of the holes for the occiput plate. Drill the initial occipital pilot hole in one of the midline holes to the appropriate depth and use intraoperative X-ray control if necessary (Fig. 28).

Further drill options are shown in the chapter "Instruments".



NOTE: Ensure the sharpness of the drill prior to drilling! In case of blunt drill, use a new one.



Fig. 27 Assemble the Drill Guide

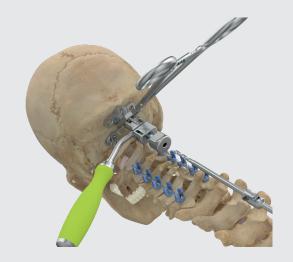




Fig. 28 Drilling the occiput screw holes

Probing the occiput screw holes

VI-0025 **VERTICALE CERVICAL Pedicle**

The one-sided VERTICALE CERVICAL Pedicle Feeler can be used to check the prepared screw channel for possible perforations (Fig. 29).

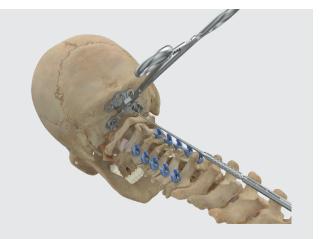


Fig. 29 Probing the occipital screw holes

Determining the occiput screw dimension

VI-0030 VERTICALE CERVICAL Depth Gauge

Use the VERTICALE CERVICAL Depth Gauge with markings between 8 and 56 mm with increments of 2 mm to confirm the required screw dimension.

NOTE: Do not bend the depth gauge or push by force into the bone as damage of the instrument may occur, which may lead to false length indications. Please check, whether the tip of the depth gauge is intact. Use the depth gauge only if the tip is intact and the laser marking is clearly visible.

Tapping with the occiput tap



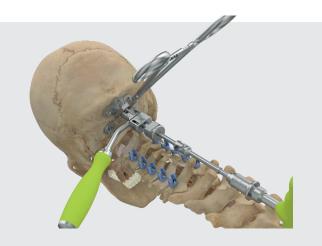


Fig. 30 Tapping the occiput screw holes

For very hard bone structures (e.g. sclerotic bone) it may be necessary to pre-tap the thread into the bone. Taps are available for screws with a diameter of 4.5 mm.

The depth of the tapping is controlled by the depth stop of the drill guides (compare to chapter "Drilling with occiput drills").

The taps can be used with one of the VERTICALE CERVICAL quick-coupling handles. After selecting the appropriate handle, it is connected to the corresponding VERTICALE CERVICAL Tap by locking into place (Fig. 30).

The screw channel is prepared clockwise. The thread on the VERTICALE CERVICAL Tap has a length of 16 mm. After cutting, the tap is disengaged by turning it counter clockwise.

- * Further taps are shown in the chapter "Instruments".
- ** Further handle options are shown in the chapter "Instruments".

NOTE: Do not use power tool for tapping!

Selection of occiput screws

To enable faster and easier identification, all VERTICALE CERVICAL occiput screws are color coded by diameter, i.e., violet and silver for the 4.5 and 5.2 mm screws, respectively. The lengths vary between 4 and 20 mm by 2 mm increments. The 5.2 mm screw serves as a revision option.

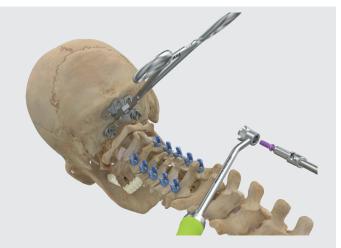
Inserting the occiput screws



The VERTICALE CERVICAL occiput bone screw is inserted with the VERTICALE CERVICAL Occiput Screwdriver. To do this, the torx of the screwdriver is equipped with a self-retaining geometry that holds the occiput screw in place during handling. Insert the occiput bone screw into the prepared bone channel. The occiput bone screw is temporarily fixed by gently turning the screwdriver clockwise. For difficult anatomy, a flexible screwdriver with universal joint is also available. In order to support the guidance of the flexible screwdriver, the occiput counter torque can be used as a guide (Fig. 31).

Insert all other occiput bone screws in the same manner. Then, final tightening is performed with one of the occiput screwdrivers.

Further occiput screwdriver options are shown in the chapter "Instruments".



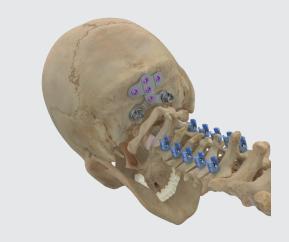


Fig. 31 Inserting the occiput screws

Selecting and sizing the rods for occiput



Despite the standard rods, prebent rods are available especially for the occiput region with an angulation of 55° and two different diameters, i.e., 3.5 and 4.0 mm. The length of the prebent rod is 200 mm for the cervical part and 90 mm for the occipital part (Details can be found in the chapter "Implants"). For further individual anatomic adjustment of the rod, the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Bender or the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Bending Tubes can be used. Rods that are too long can be shortened with the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Cutter.

The VERTICALE CERVICAL Phantom Rod can be used to determine the required rod length and curvature. In order to estimate the required rod length, laser markings on the phantom rod are implemented in increments of 10 mm.

* Further rod cutters are shown in the chapter "Instruments".

NOTE: Any reverse bending of the rod decreases the integrity of the material and must be avoided. For this reason, bending of the rod should be performed gradually until the desired curvature is attained.

NOTE: When using the VERTICALE CERVICAL bending tubes, do not make sharp bends or reverse bending of the rods in order to avoid potential fatigue of the implant.

Inserting the rods

VI-0330 VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Holder



The VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Holder is used to place the bent rod into the anchors of the occiput plate as well as the tulips of the pedicle screws (Fig. 32).

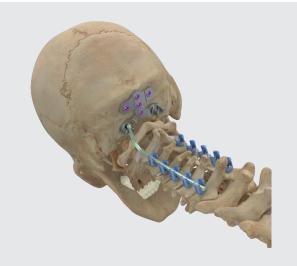


Fig. 32 Inserting the rods

Temporarily tightening the set screw

VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Screwdriver



The VERTICALE CERVICAL Set Screw is inserted with the VERTICALE CERVICAL Screwdriver. Insert the set screw into the anchor of the occiput plate. The rod is temporarily fixed by gently turning the set screw clockwise (Fig. 33).



Fig. 33 Tightening the set screws

NOTE: Set screws should always be inserted with a smooth clockwise rotation. To prevent tilting, a brief prior counter clockwise rotation can facilitate insertion of the set screw into the first thread.

Final tightening using the occiput counter torque

VI-0760 VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Torque Limiter 3 Nm VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Counter Torque

The VERTICALE CERVICAL Occiput Counter Torque is used to stabilize the rotation when tightening the VERTICALE CERVICAL set screw. In order to insert the set screw with guidance, the counter torque is placed directly onto the anchor of the occiput plate. The VERTICALE CERVICAL Occiput Counter Torque can be comfortably mounted parallel or at right angles to the rod. The VERTICALE CERVICAL Occiput Torque Limiter (Torx 20) can then be guided by the counter torque and the set screw is tightened in its final position with a torque of 3 Nm (an audible click indicates that the torque has been reached). The same procedure must be repeated with the other set screw within the anchor of the occiput plate (Fig. 34). We recommend ensuring that the set screw is correctly seated by repeatedly tightening with the torque limiter. This is confirmed by two clicking sounds.

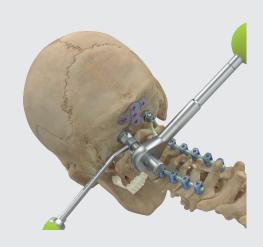


Fig. 34 Final tightening of the set screws

Verification

Please check the correct position of the plate, rods and screws by final X-ray.

The result of the instrumentation is verified using images in two planes from an image intensifier.

CONNECTION OF VERTICALE® CERVICAL TO **VERTICALE (THORACIC SPINE)**

In order to combine the VERTICALE CERVICAL System with the VERTICALE System in the thoracic spine

Inserting and tightening the rod connector inline



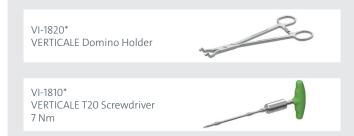
VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Connectors inline are available for connecting the VERTICALE CERVICAL 3.5 or 4.0 mm rods lengthwise in order to enable a connection to be made between a new segment and a previously treated fusion segment using 5.5 mm rods.

The VERTICALE Rod and Cross Connector Holder is used to engage the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Connector Inline. Before the set screws are tightened, the 5.5 mm rod has to be inserted into the larger opening of the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Connector Inline as deeply as possible. This can be checked in the viewing panel between the two set screws. Then, either the 3.5 or the 4.0 mm VERTICALE CERVICAL rod is inserted into the smaller opening of the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Connector Inline. The final fixing into place is done by tightening the set screws with the VERTICALE T20 Screwdriver 7 Nm to a specified torque of 7 Nm (an audible click indicates that the torque has been reached). The same procedure must be repeated with all other set screws.

We recommend ensuring that the screw is correctly seated by repeatedly tightening with the torque limiter. This is confirmed by two clicking sounds.

* Instrument contained in VERTICALE Open Trays

Inserting and tightening the rod connector triangle



The VERTICALE Domino Holder is used to engage the VERTICALE CERVICAL Triangle Rod Connector. Before the set screws are tightened, the 5.5 mm rod has to be inserted into the larger opening of the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Connector Triangle until both set screws have contact to the rod. Then, either the 3.5 or the 4.0 mm rod is inserted into the smaller opening of the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Connector Triangle. The final fixing into place is done by tightening the set screws with the VERTICALE T20 Screwdriver 7 Nm to a specified torque of 7 Nm (an audible click indicates that the torque has been reached). The same procedure must be repeated with all other set screws.

We recommend ensuring that the screw is correctly seated by repeatedly tightening with the torque limiter. This is confirmed by two clicking sounds.

Instrument contained in VERTICALE Open Trays

NOTE: For using the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Connector (Inline and Triangle), ensure that the end of the overlapping rod is long enough to be inserted into the connectors.

NOTE: For the connection of the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Connectors the VERTICALE Open Trays are required and the final tightening has to be performed according to the VERTICALE Open Instrumentation Guide.

Selecting and sizing the transition rods



The VERTICALE CERVICAL System offers two dual diameter (transition) rods that can be connected to a thoracolumbar rod screw system with 5.5 mm rods, i.e., 3.5 and 5.5 mm or 4.0 and 5.5 mm. Details can be found in the chapter "Implants".

Individual anatomic adjustment of the 3.5 and 4.0 mm diameter part of the transition rod can be performed according to the chapter: "Selecting and sizing the rods".

- * Further rod cutters are shown in the chapter "Instruments".
- ** Instrument contained in VERTICALE Open Trays

NOTE: For the rod bending and rod cutting steps for the 5.5 mm rods the VERTICALE Open Tray is required and the final tightening of the 5.5 mm rods has to be performed according to the VERTICALE Open Instrumentation Guide.

NOTE: Any reverse bending of the rod decreases the integrity of the material and must be avoided. For this reason, bending of the rod should be performed gradually until the desired curvature is attained.

Implant removal procedure

To remove an implant, please execute the following steps as described. Pay special attention during the working steps on the loosened implants and screws.

Step 1: Removal of the Cross Connector

Use the VERTICALE CERVICAL CC Torque Limiter 2 Nm (VI-0810) to loosen the set screw on both sides of the cross connector and the central position by turning the handle counterclockwise. The VERTICALE CERVICAL CC Counter Torque (VI-0820) should be used to stabilize the rotation when loosening the set screws. Once the screws are loosened, use the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Holder (VI-0330) to remove the cross connector from the rods.

Step 2: Removal of the Set Screws

Insert the VERTICALE CERVICAL Torque Limiter 3 Nm (VI-0440) and turn the set screw counterclockwise until it loosens. The VERTICALE CERVICAL Counter Torque (VI-0450) should be used to stabilize the rotation when loosening the set screw. All VERTICALE CERVICAL Torque Limiters are equipped with a self-retaining mechanism at their tip. Therefore, the set screws are attached to the instrument and can be securely removed from the pedicle screws. Repeat this step until all set screws have been removed.

Step 3: Removal of the Lateral Offset Connector

To remove a lateral offset connector ensure that the set screw of the connected pedicle or lateral-mass screw has already been removed. Otherwise remove the set screw as described in step 2.

To remove the lateral offset connector (tulip design), remove the set screw as described in Step 2. Once the set screw is removed, use the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Holder (VI-0330) to remove the lateral offset connector from the rod and the pedicle screw.

Step 4: Removal of the Rods/Inline Connector

Once all of the set screws have been removed, take the rod with the VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Holder (VI-0330) and lift it up to remove the rod from the screw heads.

To remove a rod-to-rod connector (Inline, Triangle), use the VERTICALE T20 Screwdriver (VI-1810) or the VERTICAL Screwdriver Shaft (VI-1446) to loosen the set screws by turning them counterclockwise.

Use the VERTICALE Bar and Cross Connector Forceps (VI-1830) or the VERTICALE Domino Forceps (VI-1820) to remove the rodto-rod connector

Step 5: Removal of the Pedicle Screws

The VERTICALE CERVICAL Pedicle SD X15 (VI-0130) or the VERTICALE CERVICAL PSD Inner Shaft (VI-0130.3) is used to remove the VERTICALE CERVICAL pedicle screws. For attachment of the pedicle screw, the VERTICALE CERVICAL Pedicle Screwdriver is fully inserted into the inner Torx of the screw shaft and rotated inwards via the sleeve of the pedicle screwdriver. Rotate the screwdriver counterclockwise until the screw is fully out of the bone.

You can also use the VERTICALE CERVICAL Pedicle SD Ballhead (VI-0446) to remove the pedicle screws.

Step 6: Removal of the Occiput Plate

Use the VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Screwdriver (VI-0750) or the VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Screwdriver, flex (VI-0751) to remove the set screws from the plate tulips. Remove the rod as described in step 4.

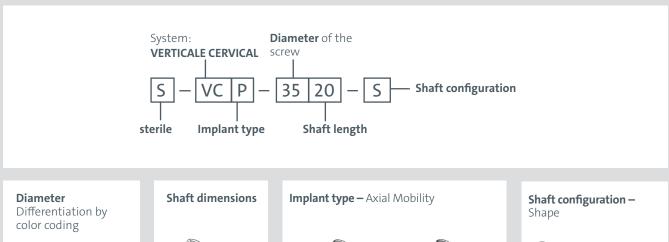
Use the VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Screwdriver (VI-0750) or the VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Screwdriver, flex (VI-0751) also for removing the occiput screws. Before removing the last occiput screw take the VERTICALE CERVICAL Occiput Plate Holder (VI-0700) to hold the plate to prevent from traveling.

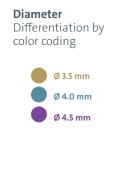
VERTICALE® CERVICAL PRODUCT INFORMATION

VERTICALE CERVICAL Implants by ar	ticle number .		PI 02 – 13
VERTICALE CERVICAL Instruments by	article numbe	er	PI 10 – 13

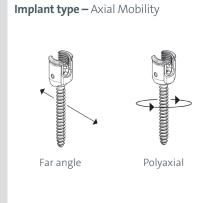
Article number explanation for screws, as examples

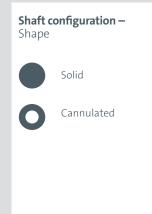
VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Screw Ø 3.5 x 20 mm, solid



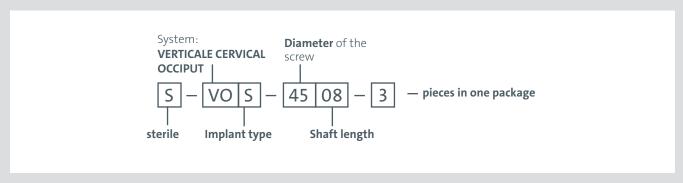


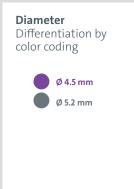






VERTICALE CERVICAL 3 Occi Screw 4.5 x 8 mm







VERTICALE® CERVICAL Occiput Implants

System: VERTICALE CERVICAL

Implant type: Occiput screw

Material: Ti6Al4V ELI

All articles are sterile

- 2:2 pieces in one package

- 3:3 pieces in one package



Article number	Description	Figure
S-VOS-4504-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 4.5 x 4 mm	
S-VOS-4506-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 4.5 x 6 mm	
S-VOS-4508-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 4.5 x 8 mm	
S-VOS-4510-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 4.5 x 10 mm	
S-VOS-4512-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 4.5 x 12 mm	
S-VOS-4514-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 4.5 x 14 mm	葚
S-VOS-4516-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 4.5 x 16 mm	
S-VOS-4518-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 4.5 x 18 mm	
S-VOS-4520-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 4.5 x 20 mm	
S-VOS-5204-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 5.2 x 4 mm	
S-VOS-5206-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 5.2 x 6 mm	
S-VOS-5208-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 5.2 x 8 mm	
S-VOS-5210-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 5.2 x 10 mm	
S-VOS-5212-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 5.2 x 12 mm	
S-VOS-5214-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 5.2 x 14 mm	蓋
S-VOS-5216-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 5.2 x 16 mm	
S-VOS-5218-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 5.2 x 18 mm	
S-VOS-5220-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 3 Screw 5.2 x 20 mm	
S-VOS-4504-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 4.5 x 4 mm	
S-VOS-4506-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 4.5 x 6 mm	
S-VOS-4508-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 4.5 x 8 mm	
S-VOS-4510-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 4.5 x 10 mm	
S-VOS-4512-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 4.5 x 12 mm	
S-VOS-4514-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 4.5 x 14 mm	
S-VOS-4516-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 4.5 x 16 mm	
S-VOS-4518-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 4.5 x 18 mm	
S-VOS-4520-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 4.5 x 20 mm	

VERTICALE® CERVICAL Occiput Implants

Article number	Description	Figure
S-VOS-5204-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 5.2 x 4 mm	
S-VOS-5206-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 5.2 x 6 mm	
S-VOS-5208-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 5.2 x 8 mm	
S-VOS-5210-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 5.2 x 10 mm	
S-VOS-5212-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 5.2 x 12 mm	
S-VOS-5214-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 5.2 x 14 mm	25
S-VOS-5216-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 5.2 x 16 mm	
S-VOS-5218-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 5.2 x 18 mm	
S-VOS-5220-2	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occi 2 Screw 5.2 x 20 mm	

System: VERTICALE CERVICAL

Implant type: Occiput screw

Material: Ti6Al4V ELI

All articles are sterile

- 2:2 pieces in one package
- 3:3 pieces in one package



Article number	Description	Figure
S-VOC-LAT-5	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occipital Pl. Lat. 5	
S-VOC-LAT-4	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occipital Pl. Lat. 4	
S-VOC-MID-3	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occipital Pl. Mid. 3	

System: VERTICALE CERVICAL

Implant type: Occiput plate

Material: Ti6Al4V ELI

All articles are sterile packed and include two set screws for rod attachment.

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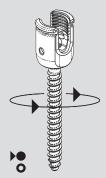
System:

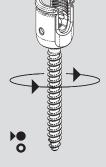
VERTICALE CERVICAL

Implant type: Polyaxial screw

Material: Ti6Al4V ELI

All articles are sterile packed and include a set screw.







Article number	Description	Figure
S-VCP-3510-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 3.5 x 10 mm sol	
S-VCP-3512-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 3.5 x 12 mm sol	
S-VCP-3514-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 3.5 x 14 mm sol	
S-VCP-3516-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 3.5 x 16 mm sol	ij
S-VCP-3518-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 3.5 x 18 mm sol	Y
S-VCP-3520-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 3.5 x 20 mm sol	
S-VCP-3522-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 3.5 x 22 mm sol	
S-VCP-3524-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 3.5 x 24 mm sol	¥
S-VCP-3526-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 3.5 x 26 mm sol	
S-VCP-3528-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 3.5 x 28 mm sol	
S-VCP-3530-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 3.5 x 30 mm sol	

Article number	Description	Figure
S-VCP-4014-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 14 mm can	
S-VCP-4016-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 16 mm can	
S-VCP-4018-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 18 mm can	
S-VCP-4020-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 20 mm can	
S-VCP-4022-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 22 mm can	
S-VCP-4024-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 24 mm can	
S-VCP-4026-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 26 mm can	
S-VCP-4028-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 28 mm can	2 6
S-VCP-4030-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 30 mm can	
S-VCP-4032-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 32 mm can	II
S-VCP-4034-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 34 mm can	
S-VCP-4036-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 36 mm can	
S-VCP-4038-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 38 mm can	¥
S-VCP-4040-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 40 mm can	
S-VCP-4042-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 42 mm can	
S-VCP-4044-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 44 mm can	
S-VCP-4046-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 46 mm can	
S-VCP-4048-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 48 mm can	
S-VCP-4050-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 50 mm can	
S-VCP-4052-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 52 mm can	
S-VCP-4054-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 54 mm can	
S-VCP-4056-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.0 x 56 mm can	
S-VCP-4520-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.5 x 20 mm can	
S-VCP-4525-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.5 x 25 mm can	1 6
S-VCP-4530-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.5 x 30 mm can	
S-VCP-4535-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.5 x 35 mm can	T
S-VCP-4540-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.5 x 40 mm can	
S-VCP-4545-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.5 x 45 mm can	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
S-VCP-4550-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.5 x 50 mm can	U
S-VCP-4555-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL Poly Scr 4.5 x 55 mm can	

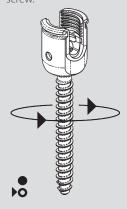
System: VERTICALE CERVICAL

Implant type: Polyaxial screw

Typing: cannulated

Material: Ti6Al4V ELI

All articles are sterile packed and include a set screw.





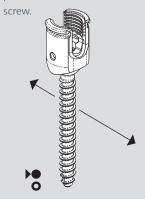
System:

VERTICALE CERVICAL

Implant type: Far angle screw (FA screw)

Material: Ti6Al4V ELI

All articles are sterile packed and include a set



Article number	Description	Figure
S-VCF-3510-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 3.5 x 10 mm solid	
S-VCF-3512-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 3.5 x 12 mm solid	
S-VCF-3514-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 3.5 x 14 mm solid	90 PF
S-VCF-3516-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 3.5 x 16 mm solid	
S-VCF-3518-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 3.5 x 18 mm solid	T
S-VCF-3520-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 3.5 x 20 mm solid	
S-VCF-3522-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 3.5 x 22 mm solid	
S-VCF-3524-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 3.5 x 24 mm solid	G
S-VCF-3526-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 3.5 x 26 mm solid	
S-VCF-3528-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 3.5 x 28 mm solid	
S-VCF-3530-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 3.5 x 30 mm solid	

<u> 1</u> D60035

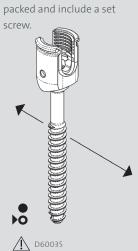
System: VERTICALE CERVICAL

Implant type: Far angle screw

Typing: smooth, cannulated

Material: Ti6Al4V ELI

All articles are sterile packed and include a set



Article number	Description	Figure
S-VCF-4020-KG	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA smooth 4 x 20 mm can	
S-VCF-4022-KG	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA smooth 4 x 22 mm can	i i
S-VCF-4024-KG	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA smooth 4 x 24 mm can	
S-VCF-4026-KG	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA smooth 4 x 26 mm can	
S-VCF-4028-KG	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA smooth 4 x 28 mm can	
S-VCF-4030-KG	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA smooth 4 x 30 mm can	
S-VCF-4032-KG	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA smooth 4 x 32 mm can	
S-VCF-4034-KG	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA smooth 4 x 34 mm can	
S-VCF-4036-KG	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA smooth 4 x 36 mm can	

Article number	Description	Figure
S-VCF-4014-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 14 mm can	
S-VCF-4016-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 16 mm can	
S-VCF-4018-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 18 mm can	
S-VCF-4020-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 20 mm can	
S-VCF-4022-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 22 mm can	
S-VCF-4024-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 24 mm can	
S-VCF-4026-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 26 mm can	
S-VCF-4028-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 28 mm can	1 1
S-VCF-4030-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 30 mm can	
S-VCF-4032-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 32 mm can	
S-VCF-4034-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 34 mm can	
S-VCF-4036-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 36 mm can	
S-VCF-4038-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 38 mm can	U
S-VCF-4040-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 40 mm can	
S-VCF-4042-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 42 mm can	
S-VCF-4044-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 44 mm can	
S-VCF-4046-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 46 mm can	
S-VCF-4048-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 48 mm can	
S-VCF-4050-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 50 mm can	
S-VCF-4052-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 52 mm can	
S-VCF-4054-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 54 mm can	
S-VCF-4056-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.0 x 56 mm can	
S-VCF-4520-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.5 x 20 mm can	
S-VCF-4525-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.5 x 25 mm can	1 1
S-VCF-4530-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.5 x 30 mm can	
S-VCF-4535-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.5 x 35 mm can	T
S-VCF-4540-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.5 x 40 mm can	
S-VCF-4545-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.5 x 45 mm can	
S-VCF-4550-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.5 x 50 mm can	U
S-VCF-4555-K	VERTICALE CERVICAL FA Scr 4.5 x 55 mm can	

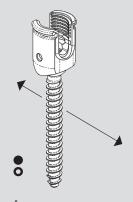
System: VERTICALE CERVICAL

Implant type: Far angle screw

Typing: cannulated

Material: Ti6Al4V ELI

All articles are sterile packed and include a set screw.





System: VERTICALE CERVICAL

Implant type: Set Screw / connector

Material: Ti6Al4V ELI

All articles are sterile packed.

* Package includes 2 pcs.

Article number	Description	Figure
S-VMS-1020	VERTICALE CERVICAL Set Screw X20*	
S-VCC-2833	VERTICALE CERVICAL Cross Connector 28-33 mm	
S-VCC-3241	VERTICALE CERVICAL Cross Connector 32-41 mm	6-8-6
S-VCC-4057	VERTICALE CERVICAL Cross Connector 40-57 mm	
S-VCI-4035-I55	VERTICALE CERVICAL RC Inl 5.5 to 3.5/4 mm	
S-VCI-4035-T55	VERTICALE CERVICAL RC Tri 5.5 to 3.5/4 mm	(3)
S-VCL-TUL	VERTICALE CERVICAL Lateral TUL Conn	- W

System:

VERTICALE CERVICAL

Implant type:

Rod

Typing: Prebent, straight, transition

Material: Ti6Al4V ELI

All articles are sterile packed.

All packages include 2 pcs.

Article number	Description	Figure
S-VOR-3520-P55	VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Pre 3.5/200 mm 55°	
S-VOR-4020-P55	VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Pre 4.0/200 mm 55°	
S-VCR-3506-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod 3.5/60 mm	
S-VCR-3512-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod 3.5/120 mm	
S-VCR-3524-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod 3.5/240 mm	
S-VCR-4006-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod 4.0/60 mm	
S-VCR-4012-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod 4.0/120 mm	
S-VCR-4024-S	VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod 4.0/240 mm	
S-VCR-5535-T	VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Trans. 5.5/3.5 mm	
S-VCR-5540-T	VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Trans. 5.5/4.0 mm	

Article number	Description	Figure
VI-0010	VERTICALE CERVICAL Awl with stop	
VI-0020	VERTICALE CERVICAL Probe, straight	
VI-0025	VERTICALE CERVICAL Pedicle Feeler	
VI-0030	VERTICALE CERVICAL Depth Gauge	
VI-0035	VERTICALE CERVICAL Tap 3.5 mm std	
VI-0040	VERTICALE CERVICAL Tap 4.0 mm std	
VI-0041	VERTICALE CERVICAL Tap 4.0 mm st+can	
VI-0130	VERTICALE CERVICAL Pedicle SD	
VI-0135	VERTICALE CERVICAL Tap 3.5 mm XL	
VI-0140	VERTICALE CERVICAL Tap 4.0 mm XL	
VI-0141	VERTICALE CERVICAL Tap 4.0 mm XL, can	
VI-0235	VERTICALE CERVICAL Drill 2.4 mm standard	
VI-0240	VERTICALE CERVICAL Drill 2.9 mm standard	
VI-0335	VERTICALE CERVICAL Drill 2.4 mm XL	
VI-0340	VERTICALE CERVICAL Drill 2.9 mm XL	

Article number	Description	Figure
VI-0201	VERTICALE CERVICAL Straight Handle, can	
VI-0211	VERTICALE CERVICAL Straight Handle Ratchet can	
VI-0230	VERTICALE CERVICAL Drill Guide Std	
VI-0256	VERTICALE CERVICAL Drill Guide XL	
VI-0258	VERTICALE CERVICAL Guide Wire 1.3 x 470 mm	
VI-0260	VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Cutter	
VI-0261	VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Cutter, in-situ	
VI-0292	VERTICALE CERVICAL Drill 2.4 mm NAV DG	
VI-0293	VERTICALE CERVICAL Drill 2.9 mm NAV DG	
VI-0294	VERTICALE CERVICAL Tap 3.5 mm NAV DG	
VI-0295	VERTICALE CERVICAL Tap 4.0 mm NAV DG	
VI-0296	VERTICALE CERVICAL Tap 4.0 mm NAV DG c	
VI-0301	VERTICALE CERVICAL T-Handle, cannulated	
VI-0311	VERTICALE CERVICAL T-Handle, Ratchet	
VI-0330	VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Holder	
VI-0350	VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod and Tulip Adjuster	

Article number	Description	Figure
VI-0360	VERTICALE CERVICAL Reduction Instrument	
VI-0421	VERTICALE CERVICAL Setscrew Starter dbl	
VI-0440	VERTICALE CERVICAL Torque Limiter 3Nm	
VI-0446	VERTICALE CERVICAL Pedicle Screwdriver Ballhead	
VI-0450	VERTICALE CERVICAL Counter Torque	
VI-0535	VERTICALE CERVICAL Phantom Rod 3.5 x 200 mm	
VI-0610	VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Bender	
VI-0611	VERTICALE CERVICAL Rod Bending Tube	
VI-0620	VERTICALE CERVICAL Distraction Pliers	
VI-0630	VERTICALE CERVICAL Compression Pliers	
VI-0700	VERTICALE CERVICAL Occiput Plate Holder	
VI-0710	VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Plate Bender right	
VI-0711	VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Plate Bender left	
VI-0720	VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Drill Guide	
VI-0730	VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Drill, straight	
VI-0731	VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Drill, flexible	The state of the s

Article number	Description	Figure
VI-0740	VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Taps, straight	
VI-0741	VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Taps, flexible	
VI-0750	VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Screwdriver	
VI-0751	VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Screwdriver, flex.	
VI-0752	VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Screwdriver short	
VI-0760	VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Torque Limiter 3 Nm	
VI-0761	VERTICALE CERVICAL OC Counter Torque	· ·
VI-0810	VERTICALE CERVICAL CC Torque Limiter 2Nm	
VI-0820	VERTICALE CERVICAL CC Counter Torque	>
VI-0830	VERTICALE CERVICAL Cross Connector Sizer	
VI-0910	VERTICALE CERVICAL Nav Awl	
VI-0920	VERTICALE CERVICAL Nav Probe	
VI-0930	VERTICALE CERVICAL Nav Pedicle Screwdriver	
VI-0940	VERTICALE CERVICAL Nav Drill Guide	

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